UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK

In re:) Chantan 15 Cara
Fairfield Sentry Limited, et al.,	Chapter 15 Case
Turriora Sentry Emmeea, et ain,) Case No. 10-13164 (SMB)
Debtors in Foreign Proceedings.) Laintly Administrated
	Jointly Administered
Fairfield Sentry Limited (In)
Liquidation), et al., acting by and)
through the Foreign) Adv. Pro. No. 10-03496 (SMB)
Representatives thereof,) Adv. 110. No. 10-03490 (SMID)
Plaintiffs,)
) Administratively Consolidated
-against-)
Theodoor GGC Amsterdam, et al.,)
Defendants.)
This declaration applies to the Adversary	· '
Proceedings listed on Exhibit A)

ATTORNEY DECLARATION OF THOMAS J. MOLONEY IN SUPPORT OF THE HSBC DEFENDANTS' SUPPLEMENTAL MEMORANDUM OF LAW IN OPPOSITION TO PLAINTIFFS' MOTION FOR LEAVE TO AMEND AND IN SUPPORT OF DEFENDANTS' MOTION TO DISMISS

I, Thomas J. Moloney, declare under penalty of perjury as follows:

1. I am duly licensed and admitted to practice law in the State of New York, and I am a partner with the law firm of Cleary Gottlieb Steen & Hamilton LLP, counsel for HSBC Institutional Trust Services (Asia) Limited, Robinson & Co., Murdoch & Co., Republic Nominees Limited (f/k/a HSBC Private Banking Nominee 1 (Jersey) Limited), HSBC Securities Services (Luxembourg) S.A., HSBC Private Bank (C.I.) Limited (f/k/a HSBC Private Bank (Guernsey) Limited), HSBC Private Bank (Suisse) S.A., HSBC Bank USA, N.A., Banco Nominees 2 (Guernsey) Limited (f/k/a Banco Nominees (IOM) Limited), HSBC Trust Company

10-03635-jpm Doc 229 Filed 01/27/17 Entered 01/27/17 18:17:44 Main Document Pg 2 of 138

AG (f/k/a HSBC Guyerzeller Trust Company AG), HSBC Latin America Holdings (UK)
Limited (successor-in-interest to HSBC Securities (Panama) S.A.), HSBC International Trustee
Limited, Somers Nominees (Far East) Limited, and HSBC Bank Bermuda Limited (collectively, the "HSBC Defendants"). I respectfully submit this declaration as a supplement to certain of the

HSBC Defendants' Supplemental Memorandum of Law in Opposition to Plaintiffs' Motion for

Leave to Amend and in Support of Defendants' Motion to Dismiss.

2. Attached hereto as Exhibits A-D are true and correct copies of the following documents:

Ex.	Document
A	List of applicable adversary proceedings
В	2001 MAR/Hedge Article
C	2006 KPMG Report
D	Draft 2008 KPMG Report

Executed on January 27, 2017, at New York, New York.

/s/ Thomas J. Moloney
THOMAS J. MOLONEY

EXHIBIT A

This declaration applies to the following adversary proceedings:

	Adv. Pro. No.	Case Name	Defendant Name
1.	10-03630	Fairfield Sentry Ltd. (In Liquidation), et al. v. HSBC Securities Services (Luxembourg) SA, et al.	HSBC Securities Services (Luxembourg) S.A.
2.	10-03633	Fairfield Sentry Ltd. (In Liquidation), et al. v. HSBC Private Bank (Suisse) SA, et al.	HSBC Private Bank (Suisse) S.A.
3.	10-03634	Fairfield Sentry Ltd. (In Liquidation), et al. v. Zurich Capital Markets Company, et al.	HSBC Bank USA, N.A.
4.	10-03635	Fairfield Sentry Ltd. (In Liquidation), et al. v. ABN AMRO Schweiz AG, et al.	"HSBC"
5.	10-03636	Fairfield Sentry Ltd. (In Liquidation), et al. v. ABN AMRO Schweiz AG, et al.	"HSBC"
6.	11-01594	Fairfield Sentry Ltd. (In Liquidation), et al. v. FS/HSBC Guyerzeller Zurich, et al.	HSBC Trust Company AG (f/k/a FS/HSBC Guyerzeller Zurich)
7.	12-01270	Fairfield Sentry Ltd. (In Liquidation), et al. v. HSBC Securities (Panama) SA, et al.	HSBC Latin America Holdings (UK) Limited (successor-in- interest to HSBC Securities (Panama) S.A.)

EXHIBIT B

2001 MAR/Hedge Article

Page 1

Madoff tops charts; skeptics asks how

Madoff tops charts; skeptics ask how

By Michael Ocrant

Mention Bernard L. Madoff Investment Securities to anyone working on Wall Street at any time over the last 40 years and you're likely to get a look of immediate recognition.

After all, Madoff Securities, with its 600 major brokerage clients, is ranked as one of the top three market makers in Nasdaq stocks, cites itself as probably the largest source of order flow for New York Stock Exchange-listed securities, and remains a huge player in the trading of preferred, convertible and other specialized securities instruments.

Beyond that, Madoff operates one of the most successful "third markets" for trading equities after regular exchange hours, and is an active market maker in the European and Asian equity markets. And with a group of partners, it is leading an effort and developing the technology for a new electronic auction market trading system called Primex.

But it's a safe bet that relatively few Wall Street professionals are aware that Madoff Securities could be categorized as perhaps the best risk-adjusted hedge fund portfolio manager for the last dozen years. Its \$6-7 billion in assets under management, provided primarily by three feeder funds, currently would put it in the number one or two spot in the Zurich (formerly MAR) database of more than 1,100 hedge funds, and would place it at or near the top of any well-known database in existence defined by assets.

More important, perhaps, most of those who are aware of Madoff's status in the hedge fund world are baffled by the way the firm has obtained such consistent, nonvolatile returns month after month and year after year.

Madoff has reported positive returns for the last 11-plus years in assets managed on behalf of the feeder fund known as Fairfield Sentry, which in providing capital for the program since 1989 has been doing it longer than any of the other feeder funds. Those other funds have demonstrated equally positive track records using the same strategy for much of that period.

Lack of volatility

Those who question the consistency of the returns, though not necessarily the ability to generate the gross and net returns reported, include current and former traders, other money managers, consultants, quantitative analysts and fund-of-funds executives, many of whom are familiar with the so-called split-strike conversion strategy used to manage the assets.

These individuals, more than a dozen in all, offered their views, speculation and opinions on the condition that they wouldn't be identified. They noted that others who use or have used the strategy—described as buying a basket of stocks closely correlated to an index, while concurrently selling out-of-the-money call options on the index and buying out-of-the-money put options on the index—are known to have had nowhere near the same degree of success.

The strategy is generally described as putting on a "collar" in an attempt to limit gains compared to the benchmark index in an up market and, likewise, limit losses to something less than the benchmark in a down market, essentially creating a floor and a ceiling.

Madort's strategy is designed around multiple stock baskets made up of 30-35 stocks most correlated to the S&P 100 index. In marketing material issued by Fairfield Sentry, the sale of the calls is described as increasing "the standstill rate of return, while allowing upward movement of the stock portfolio to the

Page 2

Madoff tops charts; skeptics asks how

strike price of the calls." The puts, according to the same material, are "funded in large part by the sale of the calls, [and] limit the portfolio's downside.

"A bullish or bearish bias can be achieved by adjusting the strike prices of the options, overweighting the puts, or underweighting the calls. However, the underlying value of the S&P 100 puts is always approximately equal to that of the portfolio of stocks," the marketing document concludes.

Throughout the entire period Madoff has managed the assets, the strategy, which claims to use OTC options almost entirely, has appeared to work with remarkable results.

Again, take the Fairfield Sentry fund as the example. It has reported losses of no more than 55 basis points in just four of the past 139 consecutive months, while generating highly consistent gross returns of slightly more than 1.5% a month and net annual returns roughly in the range of 15.0%.

Among all the funds on the database in that same period, the Madoff/Fairfield Sentry fund would place at number 16 if ranked by its absolute cumulative returns.

Among 423 funds reporting returns over the last five years, most with less money and shorter track records, Fairfield Sentry would be ranked at 240 on an absolute return basis and come in number 10 if measured by risk-adjusted return as defined by its Sharpe ratio.

What is striking to most observers is not so much the annual returns—which, though considered somewhat high for the strategy, could be attributed to the firm's market making and trade execution capabilities—but the ability to provide such smooth returns with so little volatility.

The best known entity using a similar strategy, a publicly traded mutual fund dating from 1978 called Gateway, has experienced far greater volatility and lower returns during the same period.

The capital overseen by Madoff through Fairfield Sentry has a cumulative compound net return of 397.5%. Compared with the 41 funds in the Zurich database that reported for the same historical period, from July 1989 to February 2001, it would rank as the best performing fund for the period on a risk-adjusted basis, with a Sharpe ratio of 3.4 and a standard deviation of 3.0%. (Ranked strictly by standard deviation, the Fairfield Sentry funds would come in at number three, behind two other market neutral funds.)

Questions abound

Bernard Madoff, the principal and founder of the firm who is widely known as Bernie, is quick to note that one reason so few might recognize Madoff Securities as a hedge fund manager is because the firm makes no claim to being one.

The acknowledged Madoff feeder funds—New York-based Fairfield Sentry and Tremont Advisors' Broad Market; Kingate, operated by FIM of London; and Swiss-based Thema—derive all the incentive fees generated by the program's returns (there are no management fees), provide all the administration and marketing for them, raise the capital and deal with investors, says Madoff.

Madoff Securities' role, he says, is to provide the investment strategy and execute the trades, for which it generates commission revenue.

[Madoff Securities also manages money in the program allocated by an unknown number of endowments, wealthy individuals and family offices. While Bernie Madoff refuses to reveal total assets under management, he does not dispute that the figure is in the range of \$6 billion to \$7 billion.]

Madoff compares the firm's role to a private managed account at a broker-dealer, with the broker-dealer providing investment ideas or strategies and executing the trades and making money off the account by charging commission on each trade.

Skeptics who express a mixture of amazement, fascination and curiosity about the program wonder, first, about the relative complete lack of volatility in the reported monthly returns.

But among other things, they also marvel at the seemingly astonishing ability to time the market and

Page 3

Madoff tops charts; skeptics asks how

move to cash in the underlying securities before market conditions turn negative; and the related ability to buy and sell the underlying stocks without noticeably affecting the market.

In addition, experts ask why no one has been able to duplicate similar returns using the strategy and why other firms on Wall Street haven't become aware of the fund and its strategy and traded against it, as has happened so often in other cases; why Madoff Securities is willing to earn commissions off the trades but not set up a separate asset management division to offer hedge funds directly to investors and keep all the incentive fees for itself, or conversely, why it doesn't borrow the money from creditors, who are generally willing to provide leverage to a fully hedged portfolio of up to seven to one against capital at an interest rate of Libor-plus, and manage the funds on a proprietary basis.

These same skeptics speculate that at least part of the returns must come from other activities related to Madoff's market making. They suggest, for example, that the bid-ask spreads earned through those activities may at times be used to "subsidize" the funds.

According to this view, the benefit to Madoff Securities is that the capital provided by the funds could be used by the firm as "pseudo equity," allowing it either to use a great deal of leverage without taking on debt, or simply to conduct far more market making by purchasing additional order flow than it would otherwise be able to do.

And even among the four or five professionals who express both an understanding of the strategy and have little trouble accepting the reported returns it has generated, a majority still expresses the belief that, if nothing else, Madoff must be using other stocks and options rather than only those in the S&P 100.

Bernie Madoff is willing to answer each of those inquiries, even if he refuses to provide details about the trading strategy he considers proprietary information.

And in a face-to-face interview and several telephone interviews, Madoff sounds and appears genuinely amused by the interest and attention aimed at an asset management strategy designed to generate conservative, low risk returns that he notes are nowhere near the top results of well-known fund managers on an absolute return basis.

Lack of volatility illusory

The apparent lack of volatility in the performance of the fund, Madoff says, is an illusion based on a review of the monthly and annual returns. On an intraday, intraweek and intramonth basis, he says, "the volatility is all over the place," with the fund down by as much as 1%.

But as whole, the split-strike conversion strategy is designed to work best in bull markets and, Madoff points out, until recently "we've really been in a bull market since '82, so this has been a good period to do this kind of stuff."

Market volatility, moreover, is the strategy's friend, says Madoff, as one of the fundamental ideas is to exercise the calls when the market spikes, which with the right stock picks would add to the performance.

In the current bearish environment, when some market experts think the fund should have been showing negative returns, albeit at levels below the benchmark index, managing the strategy has become more difficult, says Madoff, although performance has remained positive or, as in February, flat.

The worst market to operate in using the strategy, he adds, would be a protracted bear market or "a flat, dull market." In a stock market environment similar to what was experienced in the 1970s, for instance, the strategy would be lucky to return "T-bill like returns."

Market timing and stock picking are both important for the strategy to work, and to those who express astonishment at the firm's ability in those areas, Madoff points to long experience, excellent technology that provides superb and low-cost execution capabilities, good proprietary stock and options pricing models, well-established infrastructure, market making ability and market intelligence derived from the massive amount of order flow it handles each day.

The strategy and trading, he says, are done mostly by signals from a proprietary "black box" system

Page 4

Madoff tops charts; skeptics asks how

that allows for human intervention to take into account the "gut feel" of the firm's professionals. "I don't want to get on an airplane without a pilot in the seat," says Madoff. "I only trust the autopilot so much."

As for the specifics of how the firm manages risk and limits the market impact of moving so much capital in and out of positions, Madoff responds first by saying, "I'm not interested in educating the world on our strategy, and I won't get into the nuances of how we manage risk." He reiterates the undisputed strengths and advantages the firm's operations provide that make it possible.

Multiple stock baskets

Avoiding market impact by trading the underlying securities, he says, is one of the strategy's primary goals. This is done by creating a variety of stock baskets, sometimes as many as a dozen, with different weightings that allow positions to be taken or unwound slowly over a one- or two-week period.

Madoff says the baskets comprise the most highly capitalized liquid securities in the market, making the entry and exit strategies easier to manage.

He also stresses that the assets used for the strategy are often invested in Treasury securities as the firm waits for specific market opportunities. He won't reveal how much capital is required to be deployed at any given time to maintain the strategy's return characteristics, but does say that "the goal is to be 100% invested."

The inability of other firms to duplicate his firm's success with the strategy, says Madoff, is attributable, again, to its highly regarded operational infrastructure. He notes that one could make the same observation about many businesses, including market making firms.

Many major Wall Street broker-dealers, he observes, previously attempted to replicate established market making operations but gave up trying when they realized how difficult it was to do so successfully, opting instead to acquire them for hefty sums.

[Indeed, says Madoff, the firm itself has received numerous buyout offers but has so far refused any entreaties because he and the many members of his immediate and extended family who work there continue to enjoy what they do and the independence it allows and have no desire to work for someone else.]

Similarly, he adds, another firm could duplicate the strategy in an attempt to get similar results, but its returns would likely be unmatched because "you need the physical plant and a large operation" to do it with equal success. However, many Wall Street firms, he says, do use the strategy in their proprietary trading activities, but they don't devote more capital to such operations because their return on capital is better used in other operations.

Setting up a proprietary trading operation strictly for the strategy, or a separate asset management division in order to collect the incentive fees, says Madoff, would conflict with his firm's primary business of market making.

Commissions suffice

"We're perfectly happy making the commissions" by trading for the funds, he says, which industry observers note also gives the firm the entirely legitimate opportunity to "piggyback" with proprietary trading that is given an advantage by knowing when and where orders are being placed.

Setting up a division to offer funds directly, says Madoff, is not an attractive proposition simply because he and the firm have no desire to get involved in the administration and marketing required for the effort, nor to deal with investors.

Many parts of the firm's operations could be similarly leveraged, he notes, but the firm generally believes in concentrating on its core strengths and not overextending itself. Overseeing the capital provided by the funds and its managed accounts, he says, provides another fairly stable stream of revenue that offers some degree of operational diversification.

Page 5

Madoff tops charts; skeptics asks how

Madoff readily dismisses speculation concerning the use of the capital as "pseudo equity" to support the firm's market making activities or provide leverage. He says the firm uses no leverage, and has more than enough capital to support its operations.

He notes that Madoff Securities has virtually no debt and at any given time no more than a few hundred million dollars of inventory.

Since the firm makes markets in only the most highly capitalized, liquid stocks generally represented by the S&P 500 index, a majority of which are listed on the NYSE, as well as the 200 most highly capitalized Nasdaq-listed stocks, says Madoff, it has almost no inventory risk.

Finally, Madoff calls ridiculous the conjecture that the firm at times provides subsidies generated by its market making activities to smooth out the returns of the funds in a symbiotic relationship related to its use of the capital as a debt or equity substitute. He agrees that the firm could easily borrow the money itself at a fairly low interest rate if it were needed, and would therefore have no reason to share its profits. "Why would we do that?"

Still, when the many expert skeptics were asked by MAR/Hedge to respond to the explanations about the funds, the strategy and the consistently low volatility returns, most continued to express bewilderment and indicated they were still grappling to understand how such results have been achieved for so long.

Madoff, who believes that he deserves "some credibility as a trader for 40 years," says: "The strategy is the strategy and the returns are the returns." He suggests that those who believe there is something more to it and are seeking an answer beyond that are wasting their time.

EXHIBIT C

2006 KPMG Report



STRICTLY PRIVATE AND CONFIDENTIAL

HSBC Bank plc

Review of fraud and related operational risks at Bernard L Madoff Investment Securities LLC

KPMG LLP

16 February 2006 This report contains 24 pages Appendices contain 32 pages dl/dy

10-03635-jpm Doc 229 Filed 01/27/17 Entered 01/27/17 18:17:44 Main Document Pg 12 of 138



HSBC	Bank	ple

Bernard L Madoff Investment Securities LLC 16 February 2006 Strictly private and confidential

Contents			 4.2 Process overview 4.3 Fraud and operational risks 4.4 Major findings and recommendations 		15 19 20
1	Introduction	1	5 Re	view of Agreements	22
1.1	Our instructions	1			
1.2	Background	1	Appendix A	Transaction process	25
1.3	Our Approach	2			26
1.4	Limitations	2	Appendix B	Fraud risk, controls & testing	26
1.5	Report format	4	Appendix C	Summary of discrepancies in documentation	38
1.6	Appendices	4	11	7	
1.7	Confidentiality	4	Appendix D	Contractual arrangements	41
2	Executive summary	5	Appendix E	2 Process flow	49
2.1	Introduction	5	A a di T	Course of information	<i>E E</i>
2.2	Major Findings	5	Appendix F	Sources of information	55
2.3	Main recommendations	6	Appendix C	HSBC Clients	56
3	Madoff LLC	8			
3.1	Introduction	8			
3.2	Background	8			
3.3	Governance	10			
4	Risk and control issues	15			
4.1	Introduction	15			

10-03635-jpm Doc 229 Filed 01/27/17 Entered 01/27/17 18:17:44 Main Document Pg 13 of 138



HSBC Bank plc

Bernard L Madoff Investment Securities LLC 16 February 2006 Strictly private and confidential

Glossary		Madoff LLC	Bernard L Madoff Investment Securities LLC
Assets	Stocks, options, Treasury Bills and Fidelity funds.	NASD	The United States National Association of Securities Dealers
BLM	Mr Bernard L Madoff (Chairman of Bernard L Madoff Securities LLC)	Option	A contract that gives the right to buy or sell some assets (eg shares) at a fixed price on or before a given date.
BNY	Bank of New York	OTC	Over the Counter
BTDL	Bermuda Trust (Dublin) Limited	Sub-custodian	The two sub-custodian agreements entitled
Client	Any one of eight clients where HSBC act as custodian and Madoff LLC acts as subcustodian. These clients are identified in the Appendix of this report.	agreements	"Bank of Bermuda (Luxembourg) S.A and Bernard L. Madoff Investment Securities" and "Bank of Bermuda Limited and Bernar L Madoff Investment Securities Limited"
CUSIP	An identification number assigned to a fund	SEC	The United States Securities and Exchange Commission
DTC	Depository Trust Company	SIAC	Securities Industry Automation Corporation
Equity	Share in a listed company	T-Bill	Treasury bill
HSBC	HSBC Bank plc		
Loss	Losses resulting from fraud or related operational error by Madoff LLC management or staff. It excludes losses resulting from an investment		



HSBC Bank plc

Bernard L Madoff Investment Securities LLC
16 February 2006
Strictly private and confidential

1 **Introduction**

1.1 **Our instructions**

This Report has been prepared in accordance with the terms of the engagement letter, dated 8 September 2005, between KPMG LLP ("KPMG") and HSBC Bank plc ("HSBC"). The purpose of the engagement was to assist HSBC to identify and review the fraud risks and related operational risks that may arise at Bernard L Madoff Investment Securities LLC ('Madoff LLC') while acting as sub custodian to eight HSBC client accounts. As stated in the engagement letter the purpose of our work was:

"to assist you to:

- Understand how the client funds held by Madoff LLC are recorded and reported to HSBC;
- Identify the fraud and related operational risks that may arise as a result of HSBC, acting as custodian, placing the funds with Madoff LLC; and
- Determine the process whereby HSBC would be notified in the event of suspected fraud or misconduct which may impact on HSBC client funds."

The review was to include speaking to HSBC staff based in London, Luxembourg and Dublin and conducting a selective review at the offices of Madoff LLC.

1.2 **Background**

HSBC has engaged KPMG LLP (UK) to conduct a review on behalf of HSBC, acting as custodian, placing the funds of a number of HSBC clients for investment with Madoff LLC in New York. As part of that review KPMG has been requested to review the process by which Madoff LLC receives, invests and accounts for these funds, how Madoff LLC interacts with HSBC with regards to these funds, and to look at potential



HSBC Bank plc
Bernard L Madoff Investment Securities LLC

16 February 2006 Strictly private and confidential

fraud and misappropriation risks, although to HSBC's knowledge, no allegations of fraud or misconduct have been raised, rather HSBC as custodian wished to ensure an appropriate review was undertaken.

1.3 **Our Approach**

The review was carried out as follows:

- Interviewing a number of selected employees of HSBC (refer to Appendix F). The purpose of these interviews was to gain an understanding of the various routes by which trades could be effected, to discuss specific fraud risks that could arise and to gain an understanding of the areas of concern.
- Obtaining and reviewing selected documentation from HSBC relating to trading conducted by Madoff LLC.
- Interviewing staff at Madoff LLC including Bernard L Madoff (BLM), Chairman of Madoff LLC and Frank di Pascali (FdP), Head of Operations (Refer to Appendix F). The purpose of these interviews was to confirm our understanding of the trading process and discuss specific fraud risk.
- Testing, on a selective basis, a number of fraud risks and related internal controls relating to trades executed by Madoff LLC (refer to Appendix B).
- Preparing this Report.

KPMG undertook its fieldwork during a six week period between October to 18 November 2005. During this time KPMG staff attended at HSBC's offices in London, held discussions with HSBC staff on a selective basis, attended at Madoff LLC's in order to meet with a number of Madoff LLC personnel and carried out testing on a selective basis.

This Report summarises our findings and recommendations in relation to the services provided in accordance with the Engagement Terms.

1.4 Limitations

The following needs to be considered when reading this document.

10-03635-jpm Doc 229 Filed 01/27/17 Entered 01/27/17 18:17:44 Main Document Pg 16 of 138



HSBC Bank plc Bernard L Madoff Investment Securities LLC 16 February 2006

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- We have relied on the information provided by HSBC and Madoff LLC personnel and have not independently verified that information.
- We were not required to review portfolio performance at Madoff LLC, nor have we carried out an audit of client assets.
- We have not independently assessed trading particularly at Madoff LLC against US legal and regulatory requirements as our work focussed on fraud and related operational risk issues.
- KPMG has not conducted an audit as part of this work, whether statutory or otherwise of HSBC, Madoff LLC or the information provided.
- This document is not intended to be a comprehensive review of HSBC's or Madoff LLC's processes for the purchase, transfer or sale of any asset on behalf of a client. The process by which HSBC uses the services of Madoff LLC and the process for investing client funds and allocating trade activity is complex; the document should be considered in the context of the limited time spent on this engagement.
- We have held discussions with HSBC staff, reviewed selected documents provided by HSBC and performed four days work on-site at Madoff LLC. However, our findings and conclusions may change if further information comes to light.
- The risks and controls outlined in this report do not constitute a complete list of all possible fraud and related loss risks that exist within Madoff LLC.
- We were not engaged to identify or review risk or controls at HSBC operations. However, we have made a number of recommendations for the consideration of HSBC management in order to assist HSBC manage the risks identified in this report. HSBC remain responsible for the implementation, or otherwise, of these recommendations.
- A number of suggested actions have been identified, which require priority consideration, with regard to fraud and related operational risks ("the risks"). HSBC may wish to prioritise these based on internal criteria.
- The assessment as to the existence and effectiveness of specific internal controls at Madoff LLC was limited to those reviewed while reviewing a select number of randomly selected trades.
- While we held discussions with BLM regarding the Internal Audit and Compliance framework at Madoff LLC, we did not specifically review any compliance related reports, internal audit reports, conflicts register or customer complaints.
- Whilst we were informed by BLM that Madoff LLC have in place an AML policy which formed part of the compliance framework we have focussed our work as requested on fraud rather than AML risks.



HSBC Bank plc

Bernard L Madoff Investment Securities LLC 16 February 2006 Strictly private and confidential

1.5 **Report format**

We have structured the Report as follows:

- Section 2 Executive Summary;
- Section 3 Madoff LLC;
- Section 4 Risk and control issues; and
- Section 5 Review of agreements.

1.6 **Appendices**

Appendices include a summary of the fraud and related operational risks, selective controls and a description of the tests undertaken.

1.7 **Confidentiality**

This document is strictly private and confidential. It may not be disclosed, copied, quoted or referred to in whole or in part, whether for the purposes of disciplinary proceedings or otherwise without our prior written consent. Such consent, if given, may be on conditions including, without limitation, an indemnity against any claims by third parties arising from release of any part of this document or other correspondence, including reports, issued by us.



HSBC Bank plc
Bernard L Madoff Investment Securities LLC

16 February 2006 Strictly private and confidential

2 **Executive summary**

2.1 **Introduction**

KPMG was engaged by HSBC to undertake a review of the fraud and related operational risks that may arise at Madoff LLC while acting as sub custodian to eight HSBC client accounts. We were asked to assist HSBC:

- understand how the client funds held by Madoff LLC are recorded and reported to HSBC;
- identify the fraud and related operational risks that may arise as a result of HSBC, acting as custodian, placing the funds with Madoff LLC; and
- determine the process whereby HSBC would be notified in the event of suspected fraud or misconduct which may impact on HSBC client funds.

The work included reviewing documentation provided by HSBC and Madoff LLC and holding discussions with HSBC and Madoff LLC management. We also carried out, on a selective basis, testing of client transactional data held at Madoff LLC. However, this did not represent a statistically significant selection.

2.2 **Major Findings**

Our major findings are set out below:

- Asset ownership: Independent and external confirmation as to the ownership of individual HSBC client assets cannot be made. Madoff LLC undertake bulk trades and then allocate these assets on a proportional basis within Madoff LLC to the individual client accounts. Madoff LLC produce a 'Client Confirmation' for each asset transaction other than for transactions to buy or sell Options and Fidelity funds.
- **Fund recognition:** The original documents relating to the trading activity and financial position for Square One Fund (originally known as ISIS, Worldwide Limited until 27 April 1999) appear to be sent by Madoff LLC to Bermuda Trust, Hong Kong. All other original fund information is either reported to HSBC in Dublin or Luxemburg.



HSBC Bank plc
Bernard L Madoff Investment Securities LLC

16 February 2006 Strictly private and confidential

- Internal controls: The controls tested by KPMG during the course of the on-site work were found to be in place. However, they may not prevent fraud or error occurring on client accounts, if management or staff at Madoff LLC either override controls or undertake activities where appropriate controls are not in place.
- Escalation: BLM, is responsible for determining whether matters concerning HSBC client accounts (eg fraud or significant errors) should be reported to HSBC. In the event this occurs, then he states that he would report these issues to Paul Smith (Head of AFS), HSBC in New York. Madoff LLC currently has an insurance bond with Chubb Insurance.
- **HSBC operations:** HSBC staff in Luxembourg and Dublin receive information regards client accounts from BLM such as trading activity and price upon which a high level of reliance is placed.

2.3 Main recommendations

The following recommendations have been developed and are in addition to those set out in Appendix B.

- **Trade Activity:** Discuss and agree with Madoff LLC a more appropriate approach by which HSBC are notified of trading activity on HSBC client accounts. This may include considering, subject to key criteria such as security and cost, an electronic mechanism (e.g. service internet site) to enable HSBC to review trading activity on client accounts. (Refer to section 3.2)
- **Insurance:** Review the current fidelity insurance arrangements at both HSBC and Madoff LLC to ensure they provide appropriate coverage in the event of fraud or error. (Refer to section 3.2)
- Escalation: Establish a formal agreement, documented and signed by both parties (e.g. HSBC and Madoff LLC) which sets out the requirements and criteria for reporting suspected or proven fraud or error which has or may impact on a HSBC client account. (Refer to section 3.3)
- **Fund recognition:** HSBC should consider consolidating report information currently provided by Madoff LLC (currently report to three locations; Hong Kong, Luxembourg and Dublin). This may assist to reduce the risk of misallocating assets between the eight client accounts. (Refer to section 3.3)
- **Disaster Recovery action plan:** Consider documenting a response plan. This should include: key contacts, HSBC and Madoff LLC insurance details, contact details of key US, UK and other relevant regulators and actions to consider to secure control over client assets. (Refer to section 3.3)

10-03635-jpm Doc 229 Filed 01/27/17 Entered 01/27/17 18:17:44 Main Document Pg 20 of 138



HSBC Bank plc Bernard L Madoff Investment Securities LLC 16 February 2006

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- **Review HSBC operations:** Undertake a review at HSBC's custody centres (Luxembourg and Dublin) in order to ensure that appropriate procedures are in place to independently confirm, where possible, the accuracy of transactions, identify possible risks and issues and record any errors, missing information or other operational issues. (Refer to section 4.4)
- **Periodic review:** Undertake a periodic review at Madoff LLC to ensure the integrity of accounting for client transactions and assets. The information in this report may serve as a guide as to how this assessment may occur. (Refer to section 4.4)
- Contract review: Review the sub-custody contracts between HSBC and Madoff LLC to ensure that they reflect the current requirements and agreed obligations of Madoff LLC. (Refer to section 5)
- Establish the legal chain: Review sub-custody agreements and underlying contracts/documentation to ensure that HSBC has primary custodian rights over the underlying assets held within the funds. The table at Appendix C summaries the discrepancies identified between the sub-custody agreements and various other documentation. The charts at Appendix D further illustrate the relationships identified between the various parties and areas where gaps have been identified. (Refer to section 5 and Appendix D)



HSBC Bank plc
Bernard L Madoff Investment Securities LLC
16 February 2006
Strictly private and confidential

3 **Madoff LLC**

3.1 **Introduction**

This section sets out how HSBC client funds are transacted and recorded at Madoff LLC. This section is set out as follows:

- Background
- Governance issues

3.2 **Background**

Madoff LLC records state that the business is a registered broker/dealer with the SEC and a member of the NASD. BLM provided KPMG with a number of documents at the time of the onsite review. This included a 'Statement of Financial Position - October 31, 2004', a four page summary of the financial accounts. This document states that Madoff LLC had total assets of USD 933 million and members equity of USD512 million. A copy of the documents provided by BLM to KPMG have been provided to HSBC.

Madoff LLC provides prime broker, wholesale and market maker services to its clients. According to BLM, the volume of trades executed annually through Madoff LLC (valued in excess of \$1 trillion per annum) accounts for around 15% of the annual total trade volume of the US equity market. Notwithstanding this, Madoff LLC remains a predominantly family-owned business with the senior positions within the company all being held by members of the Madoff family. BLM is the CEO and chairman of the company whilst his younger brother Peter Madoff is Head of Compliance. BLM's two sons are also part of the senior management of the company.

Madoff LLC has approximately USD 16 billion of funds under management, of which approximately USD 2 billion are held and managed on behalf of HSBC clients. It was estimated that approximately five to eight percent of all trade executions at Madoff LLC related to HSBC client accounts.

HSBC took responsibility for the eight client funds when it acquired Bank of Bermuda approximately 18 months ago.



HSBC Bank plc

Bernard L Madoff Investment Securities LLC
16 February 2006
Strictly private and confidential

Although HSBC has the primary custodian relationship with the eight clients (as set out in Appendix G) managed by Madoff LLC, HSBC has appointed Madoff LLC as sub-custodian for these clients. Madoff LLC state that they do not hold any other relationship with any of these clients outside of the existing HSBC relationship. That is, none of the eight clients is also a client for Madoff LLC under another arrangement. BLM claims to offer the same strategy to all of the clients within the HSBC relationship and that their aim is to achieve consistent, moderate returns over the long term. Madoff LLC's strategy involves holding around 45 to 50 of the most liquid stocks within the S&P 100 and fully hedging the long equity positions with a collar strategy of S&P 100 put and call options. Although this is not specifically set out in the broker agreements between Madoff LLC and its clients, this is effectively the product which Madoff LLC markets to clients.

The key activities undertaken by Madoff LLC on behalf of its clients including HSBC clients includes: receiving client funds, determining the investment strategy, placing orders for client funds (new or existing) into one or more investments (equities, put or call options, T bills, or Fidelity funds), allocating the investments into client funds, selling the investment, making distribution payments to clients as required and reporting to HSBC and the clients.

Reporting

Madoff LLC provide HSBC and their clients with the following documents ('trading activity information'):

- a client confirmation for each trade;
- a monthly trading and positions statement; and
- a credit/debit memorandum where there have been any capital injections/withdrawals from the client account.

The client confirmation is a document created by Madoff LLC indicating the specific transaction undertaken on behalf of the client.

Method of reporting

Madoff LLC provide trading activity information by sending a facsimile to the respective HSBC offices (Luxemburg and Dublin). They state that they use this process as they have concerns over the security of other forms of dispatch such as encryption or email. Original copies of the documentation are then sent to the respective HSBC sites by post. Copies of the trade documentation are sent to the clients. Going forward, Madoff LLC are investigating ways by which trading data could be posted to a secure internet site for access by clients including HSBC. This would be done with a time delay to ensure that security concerning the investment strategy is not compromised. This would reduce the level of

10-03635-jpm Doc 229 Filed 01/27/17 Entered 01/27/17 18:17:44 Main Document Pg 23 of 138



HSBC Bank plc

Bernard L Madoff Investment Securities LLC
16 February 2006
Strictly private and confidential

facsimiled documentation and the time between a transaction and reporting to HSBC. Madoff LLC state that they send information relating to the Square One fund to Bermuda Trust Hong Kong ("BTHK"). KPMG have not independently confirmed that BTHK receive this on a regular basis.

The following information was provided by BLM during the course of the on-site work. These have not been independently confirmed:

- Disaster recovery: Madoff LLC has established a disaster recovery centre and states that they have part ownership of the recovery site. Located near New York's La Guardia airport, the site contains IT systems which shadow the New York city operations. Madoff LLC provided a document entitled 'Disaster Recovery Test SIA Industry Test 10/15/2005', a copy of which has been provided to HSBC.
- Manual trading: BLM stated that all trades are executed through the automated trading system and that no manual trades are undertaken. Password access is limited to BLM and FdP.
- Trading errors: Madoff LLC undertake approximately 200,000 trades per day. All trading is automated and while few errors occur they usually relate to errors in price or quantity. BLM maintains that if the error occurred at Madoff LLC, that Madoff LLC, would make up any loss that may arise. Gains received would be passed on to the client account.

3.3 **Governance**

A number of factors were taken into account when assessing governance issues at Madoff LLC with respect to the fraud and related operational risks. These are set out as follows:

- Fraud risk management
- Governance committees
- Escalation and reporting
- Other issues



HSBC Bank plc

Bernard L Madoff Investment Securities LLC
16 February 2006
Strictly private and confidential

Fraud risk management

Fraud risk management ('FRM') can be considered to encapsulate those activities designed to prevent and detect fraud or misconduct. These activities include: setting out roles and responsibilities with respect to fraud, appropriate anti-fraud policies, identification and assessment of fraud risks, training and awareness and monitoring.

Findings

BLM stated that he is responsible for the prevention and detection of fraud or misconduct issues at Madoff LLC. While no specific fraud policies exist, Madoff LLC provided KPMG with the two following policy documents: "Anti-Money laundering (AML) Program: Compliance and Supervisory Procedures" and "Internal Risk Management and Controls".

The AML document states that "Bernard L. Madoff Investment Securities LLC ("Madoff") prohibits and actively prevents money laundering and any activity that facilitates money laundering of the funding of terrorist or criminal activities" (page 1). Peter Madoff is the designated Money Laundering Reporting Officer (MLRO).

BLM stated that the approach adopted by Madoff LLC is to identify any errors or potential non compliance issues rather than to identify fraud or related operational risks. Madoff LLC state that a major consideration is the potential for breaching compliance issues, rather than potential fraudulent activity.

Recommendations

Request that Madoff LLC introduce a fraud risk management policy applicable to all staff and raises staff awareness to the risk of fraud.

Governance committees

Governance committees, with respect of fraud, are those committees which actively seek to ascertain and, where appropriate, drive forward the organisation's approach to preventing, detecting and reporting fraud. Madoff LLC has in place Compliance and Internal Audit Committees which may consider fraud and misconduct issues.



HSBC Bank plc
Bernard L Madoff Investment Securities LLC
16 February 2006

Strictly private and confidential

Findings

Madoff LLC operate a number of governance committees. Those relevant to this review are:

- Legal & Compliance Committee. A committee chaired by Peter Madoff and its members include Shana Madoff and BLM. The group meets monthly and focuses on new regulations, compliance and position limits.
- Internal Audit Committee. A committee chaired by BLM and its members are Peter Madoff and Elizabeth Weintraub. Attendees include David Hugel, Trading Floor Compliance Analyst, Enrica Pitz, Financial Controller and Daniel Bonventre, Head of Dealer Operations. Meetings are held monthly. Internal Audit produce a quarterly report. KPMG have provided HSBC with an example of this report. The chair of the Internal Audit Committee also conducts the reviews and signs the reports.

There does not appear to be a standing agenda item to consider specific fraud or misconduct risks or control issues.

Recommendation

Ensure that specific fraud or misconduct risks and control issues are considered through the Governance committees at Madoff LLC.

Escalation and reporting

This section considers how HSBC would be notified in event of suspected fraud or misconduct occurring and which may impact on a client account while under effective control of Madoff LLC.

Findings

A clear escalation and reporting framework has not been documented. Current arrangements at Madoff LLC are that BLM is responsible for client relationships and reporting of issues. Reports to HSBC can be considered on two levels:

• Ongoing reporting to HSBC operations in Luxembourg and Dublin. This includes reporting trading activity on individual client accounts and attending to queries which may arise and initiated by HSBC. Reporting and responding to these issues is usually undertaken by FdP, (Head of Operations) or one of his staff. Usual contacts within HSBC are Saverio Fiorino in Luxembourg and Ann Meehan in Dublin.

10-03635-jpm Doc 229 Filed 01/27/17 Entered 01/27/17 18:17:44 Main Document Pg 26 of 138



HSBC Bank plc

Bernard L Madoff Investment Securities LLC
16 February 2006
Strictly private and confidential

• Matters "of consequence" (as referred to by BLM) which are identified at Madoff LLC, whether they relate to Madoff LLC or HSBC, with regards to the client accounts. Reporting of these issues would be by BLM to Paul Smith (Head of AFS, HSBC in New York). BLM asserted that no such issues have been reported to date.

Recommendation

HSBC may wish to consider the following actions:

- Introduce a clear process for escalating issues to HSBC and document accordingly.
- Prepare consolidated information with regards the assets of the eight clients.
- Ensure there is clear guidance on the necessary steps to be undertaken in the event a report is made in order to secure client assets and notify the appropriate HSBC personnel and other relevant parties.

Other relevant issues

Other factors which were considered during the course of the on-site work include: insurance coverage, staff incentives, and potential conflicts of interest.

Findings

The following information was provided by BLM:

- Insurance: An insurance 'Bond' has been taken out by Madoff LLC with Chubb Group of Insurance Companies. There are a number of descriptions and restrictions in the policy such as the limit of liability on a single loss (\$10 million for the stated categories) and that claims cannot be made for people classified as 'Partners' which may include BLM and other senior management. KPMG were provided with the front page to this document and this has subsequently been provided to HSBC.
- Remuneration: All Madoff LLC staff receive a base salary. In addition, traders receive a percentage of profits while support and other staff receive an additional amount depending on their individual performance throughout the year.

10-03635-jpm Doc 229 Filed 01/27/17 Entered 01/27/17 18:17:44 Main Document Pg 27 of 138



HSBC Bank plc

Bernard L Madoff Investment Securities LLC 16 February 2006 Strictly private and confidential

• Conflicts of Interest: All staff are required to declare any conflicts of interests. While there is no formal process for recording this it was noted that Peter Madoff is a member of the Executive Committee at AG Edwards. AG Edwards are also a provider of trading facilities to Madoff LLC.

Recommendation

Bonus incentives can be a contributing factor in certain cases where fraud occurs and it is important that Madoff LLC address these concerns as part of the independent compliance reviews. Further, that HSBC request and review any actions undertaken to monitor financial and other incentives.



HSBC Bank plc
Bernard L Madoff Investment Securities LLC
16 February 2006

Strictly private and confidential

4 Risk and control issues

4.1 **Introduction**

The process by which Madoff LLC receives funds, invests and reports to HSBC was reviewed in order to assist HSBC identify fraud and operational risks which may result in a client suffering a loss. This process was discussed with HSBC staff and confirmed through discussions held with BLM and FdP. This resulted in the identification of a number of fraud and operational risks. Diagrams appear in appendices D and E which set out the transaction process and relationship between HSBC, Madoff LLC and the client accounts.

4.2 **Process overview**

The processes around the execution of trades was discussed with BLM and FdP and is documented below.

Equity and corresponding hedge trades are executed by Madoff LLC using a house model. There can be up to 40 models at any given time, all of which are based on the same overall strategy, but with differing timing and weighting parameters. Madoff LLC executes trades using the most favourable strategy model at any given time depending on market conditions. Principal trades are executed on a bulk basis with external market counterparties and allocated to the clients as "agency" trades on an average prices basis according to an allocation algorithm which effectively pro-rates the trades to the client's holdings. The house model is uploaded to the in-house developed electronic trading system which indicates \$ bid and offer prices for the relevant stock to the external market counterparties on the trade blotter. All trades are executed through the electronic trade system and there is no further communication with the market counterparties unless there are settlement differences (see below).

As the principal bulk trade orders are filled, the corresponding customer confirmations are automatically generated for each of the agency trades being allocated to the client accounts. Original copies of these "customer trade confirmations" are sent directly to HSBC (and copies are sent to clients). The confirmations contain the following information:

- Stock name;
- CUSIP number;

10-03635-jpm Doc 229 Filed 01/27/17 Entered 01/27/17 18:17:44 Main Document Pg 29 of 138



HSBC Bank plc

Bernard L Madoff Investment Securities LLC
16 February 2006
Strictly private and confidential

- Nominal /quantity of shares;
- Price at execution;
- Trade date and settlement date;
- Seller (in the case of the individual agency trades for each client, this is Madoff LLC);
- Agency account number; and
- A system-generated unique transaction identification number.

Madoff LLC settles the principal bulk trades through the Depository Trust Company (DTC) with the external market counterparties (see transaction process diagram in Appendix A). As the principal bulk trades are allocated to the clients, the trading system records the total amount of the trade which is to be allocated to clients as agency trades. This total is communicated to the DTC through the settlement process since the stock from the market counterparties can only be delivered to a "free position" at the DTC (a sub account used for settlement) before being transferred to the "Segregated Account" (or "Seg") for the benefit of the clients. This communication is done automatically by the trading system and the DTC confirms the movement of stock into the client segregated account through a "Seg Confirmation" on a daily basis (where client accounts have received stock). Where Madoff LLC executes a sell order on behalf of clients, the stock is transferred out of the segregated account into the free position at the DTC before the sell trades can be settled.

The trading system indicates the total amount of stock to be "released" from the segregated account and the DTC will confirm this through a "Seg Release" notification. The Seg Confirmations and Seg Releases are automatically printed for each bulk trade from the DTC terminal within Madoff LLC's operations. The confirmations include the CUSIP, the total nominal, cash consideration and trade identification number which can be reconciled back to the client stock record/and trade blotter if necessary. Copies of Seg Confirmations and Seg Releases were provided to KPMG for a selection of trades.

The principal bulk trades remain on the trade blotter which is reconciled to the DTC confirmations on a daily basis to ensure completeness and accuracy over trade recording. The agency trades are allocated to the client accounts in time priority with the aim of ensuring that no client is disadvantaged by market timing. According to BLM, the recorded agency trade execution price is typically an average of the principal bulk trade price achieved including commission which averages four cents per share.

10-03635-jpm Doc 229 Filed 01/27/17 Entered 01/27/17 18:17:44 Main Document Pg 30 of 138



HSBC Bank plc
Bernard L Madoff Investment Securities LLC
16 February 2006
Strictly private and confidential

Equity trades

On trade date (T), the trade blotters are assembled. These include details of all trading activity for the day, the sum value of trades and the average price. The customer trade confirmations are automatically generated for all agency trades and sent to HSBC/copies to clients. The agency trades for each client account are detailed on the trade blotter, the sum of which should equal the corresponding principal bulk trade. Copies of the trade blotters for a selection of days were provided to KPMG. KPMG observed that for a selection of client agency trades, the total nominal amounts of the agency trades were consistent with a corresponding principal bulk trade executed with an external market counterparty.

The aggregate amount of stock to be moved to/from the client segregated account is confirmed as segregated or released by the DTC (see above). The trade details flow directly from the trade blotter to update the underlying client ledgers. An individual client ledger is maintained for each client "fund" with an account number of the format "1-FR-XXXX-Y-0" ("X" represents client account number, whilst "Y" represents account type e.g. 3-0 is the equity, cash and US Treasuries account; 4-0 is the options account). Madoff LLC has one omnibus account at the DTC – the "0646" account which is used to settle all principal bulk trades. This omnibus account comprises the free position (used for settlement) and a segregated client account (used for holding client assets).

On T+1, the principal bulk trades are reconciled to the daily feed of matched/cleared items from the DTC. The reconciliation involves a download of the previous day's trading from the clearing system, SIAC (Securities Industry Automation Corporation – similar to CREST in the UK) which is automatically performed between 3am and 4am daily. All trade details on the download are in a standard "flat CSV file" format. The operations team format the trade details on the trade blotter to be consistent with the SIAC download which enables them to match the trade details. Any discrepancies are noted on the daily "Break Sheet". Items are classified as break items when any details outside of a set value tolerance do not agree (a value tolerance of \$10.00 is set to account for rounding etc.) In the majority of cases, the differences are either due to rounding or incorrect recording of commission amounts. In some cases, the external market counterparty inputs an incorrect price. Copies of the daily Break Sheets were provided to KPMG for a selection of days.

The Purchase and Sales (P&S) department at Madoff LLC are responsible for resolving all breaks and document the actions taken on the daily Break Sheets. The original Break Sheets are retained for one month before being discarded (although a Break Sheet for any given day can be rerun from the trading system). The Break Sheets show cumulative breaks that are unresolved, hence a break which has not yet been resolved will appear on consecutive day's Break Sheets until cleared. Owing to how the client trades are priced (using an average of the order fill price), Madoff give their clients contractual settlement and the errors or differences are either written off or recovered from the market counterparty.

10-03635-jpm Doc 229 Filed 01/27/17 Entered 01/27/17 18:17:44 Main Document Pg 31 of 138



HSBC Bank plc

Bernard L Madoff Investment Securities LLC
16 February 2006
Strictly private and confidential

BLM noted that errors tend to be a rare occurrence owing to the way in which the automated trading system posts "bids" and "offers" to the market.

On Settlement date (typically T+3 for equities, T+1 for Treasury stock), the stock and relating cash is transferred between the market counterparty and the Madoff LLC settlement account at the DTC (the free position) and the total of client stock purchases are moved to the segregated client account. To ensure that each client ledger accurately reflects the post traded position, a daily stock reconciliation is performed between the individual client ledgers (the daily stock record) and the segregated client account at DTC (using a STFS Participants Statement' as provided by the DTC). These are typically retained for one quarter before being discarded. In addition, a monthly stock and cash reconciliation is performed in accordance with regulations. The total of reconciliation differences from these processes should sum to zero on the basis that all external breaks (from the daily SIAC process) have been resolved and hence the differences should only relate to the allocation of trades to individual clients accounts. Copies of the STFS Participant Statements were provided to KPMG for a selection of days. KPMG observed that the total segregated client assets per the STFS Participant Statements were consistent with the total clients holding per Madoff's records.

T-Bills and other trades

The trading process for T-Bills generally follows the same process as set out above except for the fact that the a single market counterparty is used for the external trade – Bank of New York ("BNY"), who also acts as clearing house for the trades. As these trades are settled directly with BNY, they do not appear on the daily SIAC download since they are not being settled through a depository such as the DTC. BLM asserted that Madoff LLC do not charge any commission for the trades in T-Bills. Copies of trade blotters were provided to KPMG for a selection of T-Bill trades. KPMG observed that the aggregate of nominal agency trades in T-Bills was consistent with a principal bulk trade executed with Bank of New York as counterparty.

Trades in put and call options are traded on behalf of clients "Over the Counter" (OTC) direct with market counterparties (who are typically wholesale clients of Madoff LLC). The details of the put/call options are recorded on the trade blotters which identify individual contracts with market counterparties. PdF asserted that as these are OTC contracts, there are no customer confirmations for these trades. FdP asserted that Madoff LLC is required to maintain at least a 15% cash margin in the event that the options are exercised.

Uninvested cash is maintained in either T-Bills or units in the Fidelity Money Markets Fund (Fidelity Spartan). Madoff LLC maintains a pooled holding within the Fidelity Fund and units are allocated to clients for the balance of uninvested cash. The allocations to underlying client accounts are processed on the trade blotters, but since this is effectively an internal allocation, there is no external confirmation. The operations department



HSBC Bank plc
Bernard L Madoff Investment Securities LLC

16 February 2006 Strictly private and confidential

perform a reconciliation of clients' holdings in Fidelity units (per the daily stock record) to the total units held by Madoff LLC in the Fidelity Fund. Any new funds received from clients is placed into a pooled client cash account held at JP Morgan Chase. The balance of this account is typically nil, since all cash is immediately switched into T-Bills or units in the Fidelity Fund. According to BLM, new cash injections from clients are a rare occurrence (less than once a month) and cash is rarely received without prior notice. Since cash is immediately switched into T-Bills, Fidelity units or stock, if a client has sent cash in error, Madoff LLC will unwind any positions in order to return the monies to the client. On an ongoing basis, T-Bills are liquidated in order to enable settlement of equity trades and vice versa.

4.3 Fraud and operational risks

KPMG reviewed the process by which client funds are remitted to/from Madoff LLC and the management of those funds while under the control of Madoff LLC. 25 fraud and operational risks were identified and discussed with HSBC. These are set out in Appendix B. During the course of the onsite work at Madoff LLC, KPMG identified, through discussion with Madoff LLC staff (primarily BLM and FdP) a number of internal controls relevant to these risks.

Specific tests were undertaken on 19 of the 25 risks identified in order to selectively test the controls. These were undertaken as follows:

- selecting one or more transactions that were recorded as occurring on each of the eight client accounts in 2005; and
- reviewing documentation provided by Madoff LLC purportedly supporting those transactions.

The table (following page) summaries the 25 fraud and related operational risks. These risks have been classified (as set out in Appendix B) after taking into account internal controls identified as a result of discussions with HSBC and Madoff LLC staff.

The internal controls were identified by reviewing documents and conducting interviews with Madoff LLC.



HSBC Bank plc

Bernard L Madoff Investment Securities LLC
16 February 2006
Strictly private and confidential

Table 1: Summary of fraud and related operational risks

No of controls identified	Risks reviewed
Mandates to trade	1
Cash received or held	2 to 6
Trading (Equities/Options/Fidelity/T-Bills)	7 to 20 and 22 to 24
Accounting for client assets	21 and 25

4.4 Major findings and recommendations

The major findings of the risk review are:

- 25 fraud and related operational risks were identified throughout the process whereby Madoff LLC receive, check and account for client funds.
- A limited number of selected controls were tested by KPMG during the course of the on site work at Madoff LLC and were found to be in place. However, they may not prevent fraud or error occurring on client accounts if management or staff at Madoff LLC either override controls or undertake activities where appropriate controls are not in place.
- There is strong reliance placed on Madoff LLC/BLM reporting suspected fraud, misconduct or significant error relating to a client account to the appropriate person in HSBC.
- The insurance cover held by Madoff LLC may not provide sufficient cover in the event of one of the above events occurring.



HSBC Bank plc
Bernard L Madoff Investment Securities LLC
16 February 2006
Strictly private and confidential

The major recommendations of the risk review are:

- HSBC should undertake a periodic review at Madoff LLC which should include:
 - Identifying and assessing risks and controls which may be relevant to the movement and control of client assets.
 - Review the internal audit and compliance reports, conflicts of interest documentation and any external reviews such as those conducted by US regulatory agencies.
 - Undertake on a periodic basis, independent confirmation of faxed client trading activity information as provided by Madoff LLC, as faxes can be easily replicated or falsified in order to commit fraud.
 - Request Madoff LLC to provide compliance, Internal Audit and other review reports on a periodic basis
 - Hold discussions with BLM and other Madoff LLC staff, as appropriate, on fraud and operational risks and controls and discuss any prior period incidents which may be relevant to the client accounts.
 - Testing key controls by selecting client trades.
- Ensure the HSBC locations (e.g. Luxembourg, Dublin and Hong Kong (if appropriate)) have in place a risk and compliance based program and that they actively test transaction information as provided by Madoff LLC.
- Ensure appropriate escalation procedures and fidelity insurance coverage are in place.

In addition to the above, HSBC should consider whether the appropriate Know Your Customer ("KYC"), transaction monitoring, and source of funds processes and procedures are in place, particularly given the regulatory requirements in the US and UK. This is applicable to both HSBC operations and Madoff LLC.



HSBC Bank plc
Bernard L Madoff Investment Securities LLC
16 February 2006
Strictly private and confidential

5 Review of Agreements

KPMG were provided with a select number of sub custody and client agreement documents by HSBC and Madoff LLC. KPMG conducted a high level review of these documents and a number of discrepancies were identified with regards to different accounts or fund names. These findings and suggested actions are set out below. Further analysis appears in Appendix C. KPMG subsequently provided HSBC the documents obtained by KPMG while undertaking the onsite review at Madoff LLC.

Sub-custody agreement between Bank of Bermuda (Luxembourg) S.A. and Bernard L. Madoff Investment Securities

The following actions should be considered in respect of the named client funds:

- Primeo Fund
 - Establish that the fund name within Annex "A" of the above sub-custody agreement (Primeo Fund) and the fund name held by HSSL (Primeo Select Fund) relate to the same fund; and
 - Ensure that the account name for the fund as provided by Madoff LLC (Primeo Fund Class B) also corresponds to the fund name held by HSSL (Primeo Select Fund).
- Lagoon Investments Limited
 - Ensure that although Annex "A" of the above sub-custody agreement refers to Lagoon Investments Limited (a company of Hermes Limited) it still applies to the funds held by HSSL (Hermes Neutral, Hermes Universal, Hermes World USD); and
 - Ensure that the account name as provided by Madoff LLC (Lagoon Investments & Lagoon Investments D) corresponds to the actual
 account name held by HSSL (Lagoon Investments) and that it applies to the funds held by HSSL (Hermes Neutral, Hermes Universal,
 Hermes World USD).
- Alpha Prime Fund Limited

10-03635-jpm Doc 229 Filed 01/27/17 Entered 01/27/17 18:17:44 Main Document Pg 36 of 138



HSBC Bank plc

Bernard L Madoff Investment Securities LLC
16 February 2006
Strictly private and confidential

- Establish the name of the fund held by HSSL and ensure it relates to the fund name within Annex "A" of the above sub-custody agreement (Alpha Prime Fund Limited); and
- Ensure that the account name for the fund as provided by Madoff LLC (Alpha Prime) corresponds to the actual account name held by HSSL (Alpha Prime Fund Limited) and it applies to the fund held by HSSL (the fund name to be established by HSBC).

Herald Fund SPC – Herald USA

- Establish that the fund name within Annex "A" of the above sub-custody agreement (Herald Fund SPC-Herald USA) and the fund name held by HSSL (Herald USA segregated portfolio one) relate to the same fund; and
- Ensure that the account name for the fund as provided by Madoff LLC (Herald Fund) corresponds to the actual account name held by HSSL (Herald Fund SPC Herald USA) and it applies to the fund held by HSSL (Herald USA segregated portfolio one).

• Square One Fund Limited

- Establish under which name this fund is held at HSSL; and
- Establish the account name at Madoff LLC for this fund to ensure it corresponds to the fund name held at HSSL (the fund name is to be established by HSBC).

• Thema Coral Fund

- Determine which sub-custody agreement captures this fund;
- Ensure the fund name contained in the sub-custody agreement corresponds to the customer name according to HSSL's records; and
- Establish that the account name as provided by Madoff LLC (Thema Wise) corresponds to the account name held by HSSL (Thema Wise Investments Ltd) and that the appropriate account name relates to the fund held by HSSL (Thema Coral Fund).



HSBC Bank plc
Bernard L Madoff Investment Securities LLC

16 February 2006 Strictly private and confidential

Sub-custody agreement between The Bank of Bermuda Limited and Bernhard L. Madoff Investment Securities Limited, and a Custody agreement between Thema International Fund plc and Bermuda Trust (Dublin) Limited

Under this sub-custody agreement an account has been set up entitled "The Bank of Bermuda Limited – Hamilton Special Custody Account for the exclusive benefit of customers of Bermuda Trust (Dublin) Limited (BTDL).

The following actions are recommended:

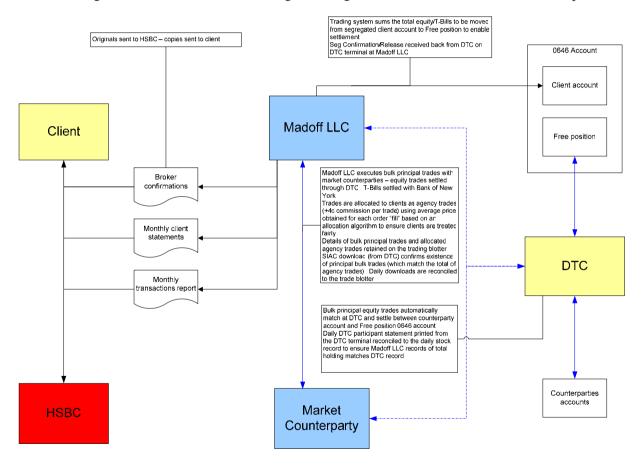
- Ensure there are appropriate contractual arrangements in place between The Bank of Bermuda Limited and BTDL;
- Establish the account name for this fund as recorded by HSBC / BTDL; and
- Ensure that the account name for the fund as provided by Madoff LLC (Thema Wise) corresponds to the actual account name held by BTDL (Thema International Fund Plc) and is applicable to the fund held by BTDL.



Bernard L Madoff Investment Securities LLC
16 February 2006
Strictly private and confidential

Appendix A – Transaction process

The following charts set out our understanding of the eight client accounts and the transaction process at Madoff LLC.





Bernard L Madoff Investment Securities LLC 16 February 2006 Strictly private and confidential

Appendix B – Fraud risk, controls and testing

Ref ¹	Risk or potential issue & its implication	Risk type (Fraud/	Nominated internal controls ²	Test	Ref	Recommendations for consideration
	Establish mandate with clients	Operational)		N/A		
	BLM falsifies mandate with client.	F	There are mandates. Terms are set out in the Agreements.	N/A		No action required
2	Cash received (new/existing) BLM embezzles client	F	All funds are deposited in the nominated	No testing undertaken.		HSBC should consider undertaking the
	funds.		client account at JP Morgan Chase.			following:
			Restricted access to Madoff LLC's account at JP Morgan Chase Bank. Limited to the following Madoff LLC	R1	• Establish a process to monitor monthly statements	
			personnel: Dan Bonvertrie, Bernard Madoff, Peter Madoff, and Enrica		R2	• Reconcile monthly statements to cash contributions from clients
			Cotellessa-Pitz.		R3	• Monitor the cash accounts of individual clients
					R4	 Request independent confirmation of the signatories and their individual mandates as recorded by JP Morgan Chase (bankers for Madoff LLC)
3	BLM falsifies client's instruction for investment to cover poor proprietary position.	F	Clients do not send instructions Client assets are segregated from Proprietary assets at the DTC (for	Reviewed a total Fidelity holdings of all segregated clients against statement from Fidelity as of 30	R5	HSBC should consider instructing all clients to provide written notification to HSBC if they directly instruct Madoff LLC to undertake any investment activity on their behalf.

Legend: = Fraud risk (red dot); = Operational risk (yellow dot)

² Internal controls as nominated during the course of discussions with Bernard Madoff and Frank DiPascali at Madoff LLC. These have not been independently verified or tested by KPMG unless as specifically stated in the 'Test' column.



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Ref ¹	Risk or potential issue & its implication	Risk type (Fraud/ Operational)	Nominated internal controls ²	Test	Ref	Recommendations for consideration
		operationar)_	Equities and Treasury Stocks)	September 2005 for		
			Holdings in Fidelity fund are allocations to holdings in Fidelity units already held by Madoff LLC.	adequacy of cover.		
4	Client cash received either not placed in segregated client money account or incorrectly	0	Segregated clients accounts maintained in the financial records at Madoff LLC.	reconciliations between 'STFS Participants Statement' as provided by the DTC (to Madoff LLC). This was compared to the		Refer to R1 to R4
	rewarded. (e.g. pooled with BLM proprietary money).		All funds deposited or waiting for investment are placed in short term treasury stock and any residual goes into Fidelity fund.			
			Reconcile the cash book on a daily basis which identifies what is held at the DTC against Madoff LLC's internal records. [This would identify if amounts are segregated into client accounts or held in the proprietary account].	No discrepancies identified.		
5	Client cash received is diverted for personal gain.	F	Restricted access to Madoff LLC's account JP Morgan Chase Bank. Limited to the following Madoff LLC personnel: Dan Bonvertrie, Bernard Madoff, Peter Madoff, and Enrica Cotellessa-Pitz.	Reviewed a sample of reconciliations between 'STFS Participants Statement' as provided by the DTC (to Madoff LLC). This was compared to the	R6 R7	Confirm: • Whether the insurance policies as held by HSBC and Madoff LLC, would cover such loss



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Ref ¹	Risk or potential issue & its implication	Risk type (Fraud/ Operational)	Nominated internal controls ²	Test	Ref	Recommendations for consideration
		Operational		September 2005 stock record. No discrepancies identified	R8	 Account signatories (as set out in R4) Whether the escalation process would require Madoff LLC / BLM to immediately report an incident to the appropriately nominated person at HSBC.
6	Reinvested funds from Fidelity, etc. inaccurately allocated to individual client accounts	O	Holdings in Fidelity are recorded on a client by client basis on Madoff LLC daily stock records. Amounts are not allocated externally, assets are allocated within the client's subledger relative to the investments.	Not undertaken.	R9 R10	HSBC should consider undertaking the following: • Establish a process to monitor monthly statements • Reconcile monthly statements to cash contributions from clients.

Trading: Buy Put options and write Call options (premiums earned)



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Ref ¹	Risk or potential issue & its implication	Risk type (Fraud/ Operational)	Nominated internal controls ²	Test	Ref	Recommendations for consideration
7	Manipulate option price (recovery) in order to	F	Madoff LLC only act as agent for options trading.	KPMG reviewed trade blotters and found that the	R11	HSBC should consider reviewing option prices on a spot basis as part of ongoing monitoring
	maximize commission, also for T-Bills and Fidelity.		Price is determined by the average price of bulk lots from external parties.	counter party trades matched off against HSBC client account option trades.		
			Option trades are allocated directly to the client account and do not enter Madoff LLC's Proprietary account.	Prices paid by HSBC clients were found to be consistent with net value and price offered by market counter party.		
8	Madoff LLC claim funds have been used to settle options exercised against HSBC	F	Restricted access to Madoff LLC's account at JP Morgan Chase Bank Limited to the following Madoff LLC personnel: Dan Bonvertrie, Bernard Madoff, Peter Madoff, and Enrica Cotellessa-Pitz.	Not undertaken.	R12	HSBC should consider undertaking a spot reconciliation of cash when options exercise.
			Funds are held in T-Bills which are held in a segregated sub account at the DTC. Notification required to obtain funds held in T-Bills, needs to be sent to the DTC			
			(Note: Options are rarely exercised by Madoff LLC as they assert that their strategy is to roll forward as part of the hedge).			
9	Madoff LLC exercise client option (to	F	Option contracts are between HSBC clients and market counter party.	blotters and found that the counter party trades		Refer to R11
	purchase stock at preferred price) but tell client/HSBC, that the option was left to expire.		Madoff LLC do not take options onto proprietary books and trade with HSBC clients.			



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Ref ¹	Risk or potential issue & its implication	Risk type (Fraud/ Operational)	Nominated internal controls ²	Test	Ref	Recommendations for consideration		
			All the derivates are held in a sub ledger (40) for a client account	Prices paid by HSBC clients were found to be consistent				
			Option held in client name cannot be transferred to another party.	with net value and price offered by market counter party.				
	Month end unwind deals							
10	Madoff LLC staff take	F	All equities and T-Bills are held in	Reviewed allocation of bulk		HSBC should consider undertaking:		
	advantage of timing position to invest client		segregated client account at the DTC.	Checked segregated confirmation and release confirmations from the DTC feed for a sample of equity and T-Bill trades.	R13	A risk and compliance review of individual client statements on a monthly basis.		
	funds and misappropriate position							client statements on a monthly basis
	(e.g. invest in premium bond/note but report as low value investment).	in premium out report as			R14	 A spot check of investments and cash position in order to independently reconcile client accounts. 		
				For a sample of equity trades reviewed the SIAC feed for external confirmation of settlement				
				Review a sample of holdings on the September 2005 statement to DTC Participant Report.				

10-03635-jpm Doc 229 Filed 01/27/17 Entered 01/27/17 18:17:44 Main Document Pg 44 of 138



HSBC Bank plc

Bernard L Madoff Investment Securities LLC 16 February 2006 Strictly private and confidential

Ref ¹	Risk or potential issue & its implication	Risk type (Fraud/ Operational)	Nominated internal controls ²	Test	Ref	Recommendations for consideration
11	BLM divert cash resulting from the sale of Equity/T-Bills.	F	Segregated clients accounts maintained in the financial records at Madoff LLC.	No specific test. However, note the above test of client		Refer R13 and R14
			All funds deposited or waiting for investment are placed in short term treasury stock and any residual goes into Fidelity fund.			
			Reconcile the cash book on a daily basis which identifies what is held at the DTC against Madoff LLC's internal records. [This would identify if amounts are segregated into client accounts or held in the proprietary account].			
			Segregation of duties between accounting and cash disbursements. (Senior people could allocate cash to account).			
			Restricted access to Madoff LLC's account JP Morgan Chase Bank. Limited to the following Madoff LLC personnel: Dan Bonvertrie, Bernard Madoff, Peter Madoff, and Enrica Cotellessa-Pitz			
			HSBC should be monitoring the cash accounts of individual clients.			



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Ref ¹	Risk or potential issue & its implication	Risk type (Fraud/ Operational)	Nominated internal controls ²	Test	Ref	Recommendations for consideration
12	BLM report over valued position/return to client, but not to HSBC in order to control relationship.	O	Trading information drives the process and provided the details for the statements. Ability to make manual trades on individual client accounts is limited to two people (Bernard Madoff and Frank De Pascali). HSBC is provided with the original	Obtained monthly trading reports for each client for sample of months and verified that these were consistent with reports sent to and received by HSBC.	R15 R16	HSBC should consider undertaking the following: • Establish a process to monitor monthly statement • Reconcile monthly statements to cash contributions from clients.
13	Stocks not held in client name. (e.g. Equities, Options or Treasury Bonds)	F	statements and confirmations. All stocks are held in Madoff LLC name in segregated client sub account at DTC. While stocks are not held in client name, copies are sent to the client	Refer to the above tests on buying and allocating trades.	R17 R18	 HSBC to consider: Robust reconciliation of monthly statements. Periodic onsite review at Madoff LLC to confirm a selection of trades in order to verify the operational effectiveness of internal controls.
14	Execute trades with favoured external market counter parties for commission kickbacks (and not best return for client). Equity & Options.	F	Traders are monitored by Supervisors who are in turn are monitored by Madoff LLC senior management (brothers). Bids go out to market and Madoff LLC cannot dictate to the external counterparty who fill the orders NASD perform best execution price reviews as part of their examinations visits Trades are allocated on the basis of average price.	Reviewed sample of equity trades per the trade blotters and confirm the consistency of allocated price across all segregated client accounts.		Refer to R11, R23 and R26



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Ref ¹	Risk or potential issue & its implication	Risk type (Fraud/ Operational)	Nominated internal controls ²	Test	Ref	Recommendations for consideration
15	HSBC makes a call on client funds & Madoff LLC inflates call value to client in order to cover over misappropriation or poor position, (e.g. Equity & Option)	F	Segregated client accounts at the DTC. A review is carried out of the daily stock record to check the cash balance. Segregation of duties between front and back office.	Not tested	R19	HSBC to consider undertaking a review of the monthly statements and reconciling cash calls to movements in cash.
16	BLM undertake unauthorised trades on	F	Sub-custody agreement and 'Customer Agreement' provide Madoff LLC with the	Review a sample of trade information and noted that		HSBC should consider undertaking the following:
	behalf of clients. (e.g. Equity, Option, Treasury bonds & Fidelity Funds		authority to undertake trading activity. Madoff LLC utilise an investment strategy which is reviewed by a number	equities were consistently SP100 listed stocks	R20	• Establish a process to monitor monthly statements put in place formerly monitoring of monthly statements.
			of Madoff LLC senior management. Monthly statements are sent to HSBC and the client which identify the allocation of trades.		R21	• Reconcile monthly statements to cash contributions from clients.
17	Unauthorised staff member at BLM executes trades on behalf of clients.	0	Segregation of duties. Access to front office systems is restricted (by door) to trading staff, senior management and a select number of other delegated staff. Audit trail retained of trading activity.	Not tested.	R22	As part of a periodic review at Madoff LLC, clarify access controls to trading systems.



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Ref ¹	Risk or potential issue & its implication	Risk type (Fraud/ Operational)	Nominated internal controls ²	Test	Ref	Recommendations for consideration
18	Trade is a sham in order to divert client cash.	F	The SIAC report demonstrates the existence of bulk trades between counter party and Madoff LLC. Allocations of agency trades for client accounts are reconciled back to bulk trades on the trading blotter.	 Reviewed a sample of tests selected from the customer trading statement to the trading blotter Confirmed trades to 		Refer to R1 to R4
				 SIAC download Reviewed Break Sheets for evidence of exceptions. (None noted) Confirmed holdings on an aggregate basis for a 		
	BLM front-run client	0	Bulk trades executed with market counter	selection of trades with DTC participant Statement. Reviewed sample of trade		Refer to R11, R23 and R26
19	trades to own advantage/does not fairly allocate price to client. (Equity, Option, Treasury bond & Fidelity Fund)	Ü	party and allocated as agency trades to clients using an allocation algorithm which pro-rates the allocation and applies an average price.	prices per trade blotters for agency trades (allocated to clients) across different clients for a sample of days and confirm prices were consistent		Refer to K11, K25 and K20



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Ref ¹	Risk or potential issue & its implication	Risk type (Fraud/ Operational)	Nominated internal controls ²	Test	Ref	Recommendations for consideration
20	Madoff LLC churns client funds for own advantage. (Equity, Option, Treasury bond & Fidelity Fund) (This risk is possible given the broad mandate in the agreements)	O	Segregation of client assets at the DTC. Equity trades on behalf of clients require Seg Confirmation or Seg Release in order to settle at the DTC. Madoff LLC does not earn commissions on T-Bill trades or Options.	Obtained DTC Seg Confirmation/Release for a sample of equity trades and confirmed the existence of selected trades. Reviewed client statements for a sample of months for any unusual trading patterns. Noted that no equity positions were held for July and August 2005 (all client assets held as T-Bill or Fidelity units).	R23	HSBC should consider undertaking comparative reviews over time of trading actively on client accounts to monitor for potential churning
21	Accounting for client assets Madoff LLC falsely reports buy/sell trades without actually executing in order to earn commissions. (Equity, Option, Treasury bond & Fidelity Fund).	F	The SIAC report demonstrates the existence of bulk trades between counter party and Madoff LLC. Allocations of agency trades for client accounts reconcile back to bulk trades on the trading blotter	Reviewed a sample of trades selected from the customer trading statement to the trading blotter. Confirmed trades to SIAC download. Reviewed Break Sheets for evidence of exceptions. (None noted). Confirmed holdings on an aggregate basis for a selection of trades with DTC participant Statement.	R24	HSBC should consider undertaking a periodic review which includes tracing a sample of client trades back to the bulk order.



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Ref ¹	Risk or potential issue & its implication	Risk type (Fraud/ Operational)	Nominated internal controls ²	Test	Ref	Recommendations for consideration
22	BLM falsifies accounting records which are provided to HSBC and clients. (Equity, Option, Treasury bond & Fidelity Fund).	F	Segregation of front and back office. Reconcile of actual trades with the DTC	Reviewed sample of tests selected from the customer trading statement to the trading blotter. Confirmed trades to SIAC download. Reviewed Break Sheets for evidence of exceptions. (None noted). Confirmed holdings on an aggregate basis for a selection of trades with DTC participant Statement	R25	 HSBC should consider: Refer to R24 Compare above selected trading information to the client statements.
23	Market counterparty confirms trade with BLM Collusion with counterparty to falsify trading records. (more likely with T-Bills) (Equity, Option, Treasury bond & Fidelity Fund).	F	SIAC report demonstrates the matching of trade details between counter party and Madoff LLC. Restricted to T-Bills where Bank of New York is the settlement agent and counterparty (Equities could not settle if not put through DTC)	Confirmed a sample of trades to SIAC download. (No issues noted).	R26	HSBC should consider reviewing prices against market rates on a sample of dates on an ongoing basis.



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Ref ¹	Risk or potential issue & its implication	Risk type (Fraud/ Operational)	Nominated internal controls ²	Test	Ref	Recommendations for consideration
24	Counterparty and/or BLM falsify instruction to DTC. (Equity, Option).	F	SIAC confirmation would show mismatch. Audit record of trades	Reviewed the audit trail of a sample of trades from Trade Blotter to SIAC down load, seg / release confirmation		Refer to R24
25	Copies sent to HSBC and client Madoff LLC falsifies trade confirmations to clients and HSBC. (Equity, Option, Treasury bond & Fidelity Fund).	F	SIAC report demonstrates the matching of trade details between counter party and Madoff LLC. Restricted to T-Bills where Bank of New York is the settlement agent and counterparty (Equities could not settle if not put through DTC).	Reviewed the audit trail of a sample of trades from Trade Blotter to SIAC down load, seg / release confirmation.		Refer to R24 and R25



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Appendix C – Summary of discrepancies in documentation

Name of customer per Sub- Custody Agreement	Name of customer per customer agreement	Name of customer per HSBC records (as provided) (3)	Account name & number per HSBC due diligence report (4)	Account name & number per HSBC records (5)	Recommended steps by HSBC for resolution
Sub-custody agreement: Bank of Bermuda (Luxembourg) S.A. and Bernard L. Madoff Investment Securities					
Primeo Fund	Primeo Fund Class B	Primeo Select Fund	Primeo Fund Class B FN092	HSBC Securities Services (Luxembourg) SA Spec Cust Acct for Primeo Fund Class B	 Ensure fund names per 1 & 3 relate to the same fund Ensure account name per 4, corresponds to customer name per 3
Lagoon Investments Limited (a company of Hermes International Fund Limited)	Signed by Smith (unrecognisable first name)	-Hermes Neutral -Hermes Universal -Hermes World USD	Lagoon Investment F021 Lagoon Investment D -FR016	HSBC Securities Services (Luxembourg) SA Spec Cust Acct Lagoon Invmnt (a pool split across three Hermes accounts)	 Ensure that although 1 in the name of Lagoon, it still applies to customers per 3 Establish that account names per 4 correspond to customer names per 3. Establish that the account per 5 corresponds to accounts per 4 (and 3).
Alpha Prime Fund Limited	Alpha Prime Fund Limited	(Not identified)	Alpha Prime – FR097	HSBC Securities Services (Luxembourg) SA Spec Cust Acct for Alpha Prime Fund Limited	 Establish the name of the fund per 3 and ensure it corresponds to 1. Establish that account names per 4 correspond to customer name to be established per 3. Establish that the account per 5 corresponds to accounts per 4



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Name of customer per Sub- Custody Agreement	Name of customer per customer agreement	Name of customer per HSBC records (as provided)	Account name & number per HSBC due diligence report	Account name & number per HSBC records (5)	Recommended steps by HSBC for resolution
(1) Herald Fund SPC-Herald USA	Herald Fund SPC – Herald USA segregated portfolio one	Herald USA segregated portfolio one	Herald Fund – FR109	HSBC Securities Services (Luxembourg) SA Spec CUST Acct for Herald Fund SPC - Herald USA	 Ensure fund names per 1 & 3 relate to the same fund Establish that account names per 4 correspond to customer name per 3. Establish that the account per 5 corresponds to accounts per 4
Square One Fund Limited	Square One Fund Limited (Changed name from Isis Worldwide Limited	Unable to confirm exact detail at the time of the review	Unable to confirm exact detail at the time of the review	Unable to confirm exact detail at the time of the review	Establish where this fund is held in HSBC (Dublin/Luxembourg) Establish which account in Madoff LLC (which should be listed at 4) corresponds to customer name established above Establish the account name per HSBC records (which should be listed per 5) Establish that the account name per 5 corresponds to account per name 4
Unable to confirm exact detail at the time of the review	Unable to confirm exact detail at the time of the review	Thema Coral Fund	Thema Wise – FR093	HSBC Securities Services (Luxembourg) SA Spec Cust Acc for Thema Wise Investments Ltd	 Establish which sub-custody agreement should capture the fund Ensure the fund name per the sub-custody agreement corresponds to 3 Establish that the account names per 4 correspond to customer name per 3 Establish that the account name per 5 corresponds to account name per 4



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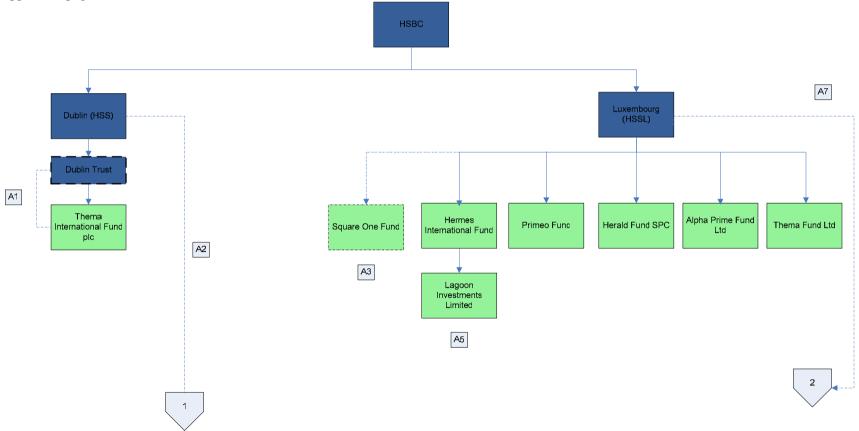
Name of customer per Sub- Custody Agreement	Name of customer per customer agreement	Name of customer per HSBC records (as provided) (3)	Account name & number per HSBC due diligence report (4)	Account name & number per HSBC records (5)	Recommended steps by HSBC for resolution
(a) Sub-custody agreement: The Bank of Bermuda Limited and Bernard L. Madoff Investment Securities, and (b)Sub-custody agreement between Thema International Fund plc and Bermuda Trust (Dublin) Ltd					
Account Set up entitled ("The Bank of Bermuda Limited – Hamilton Special Custody Account for the exclusive benefit of customers of Bermuda Trust (Dublin) Limited"	Thema US Hedged Equity Fund Account – FN095-30-40 Account – FR093-30-40	Thema Internal Fund Plc	Thema Wise – FR093		 Establish that account name per 4 relates to customer name per 3 Establish the account name per HSBC records (which should be listed per 5) Establish that the account name per 5 corresponds to account name per 4
	Thema Wise Investments Limited	Thema Internal Fund Plc	Thema Wise - FR093		As above



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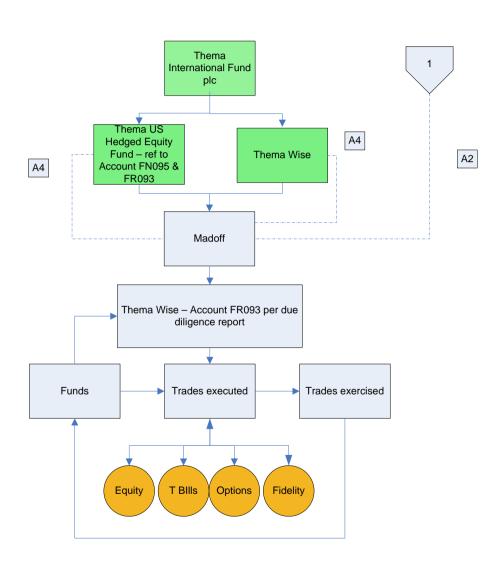
Appendix D – Contractual arrangements

The following charts set out our understanding of the contractual arrangements between the various parties. A legend appears at the end of this appendix (page 48).

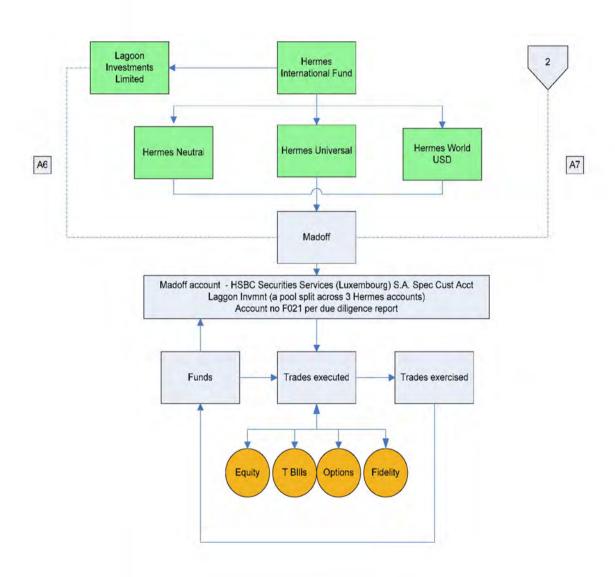




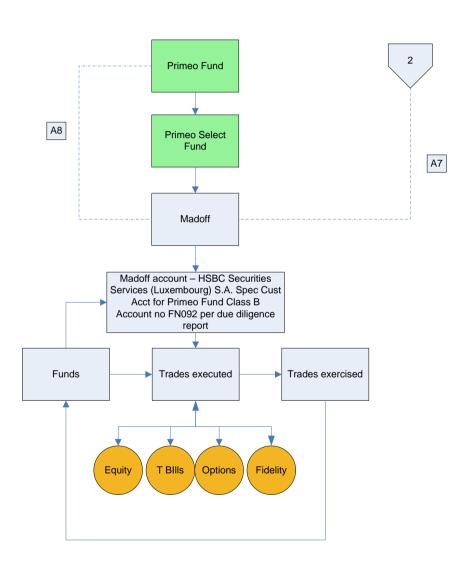
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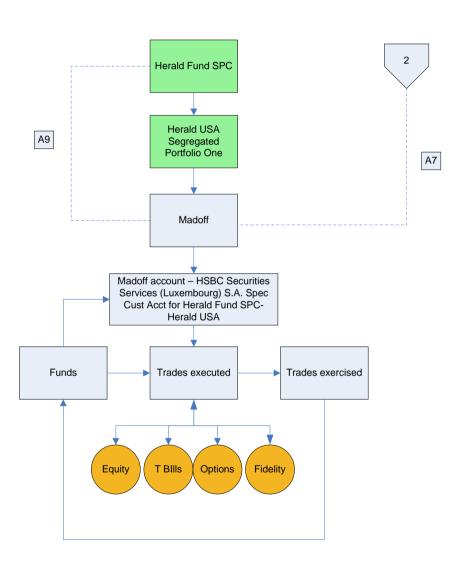




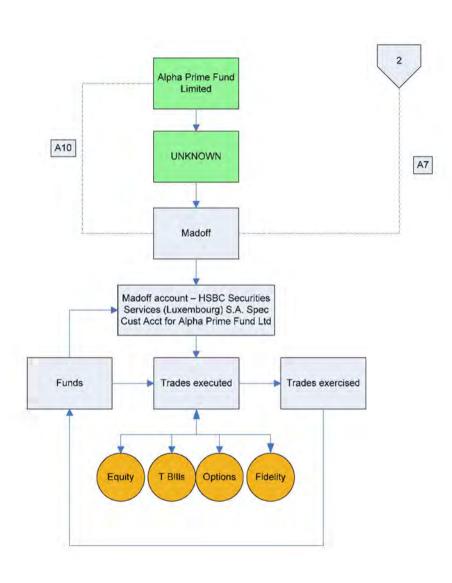






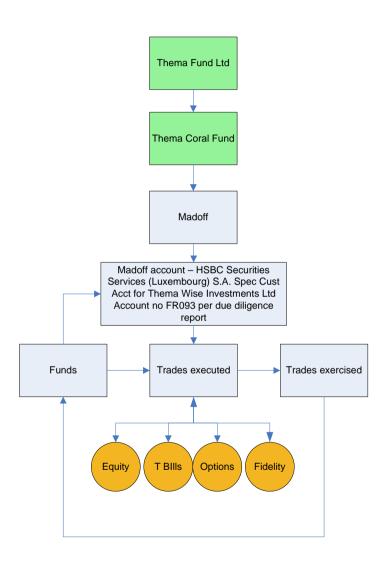






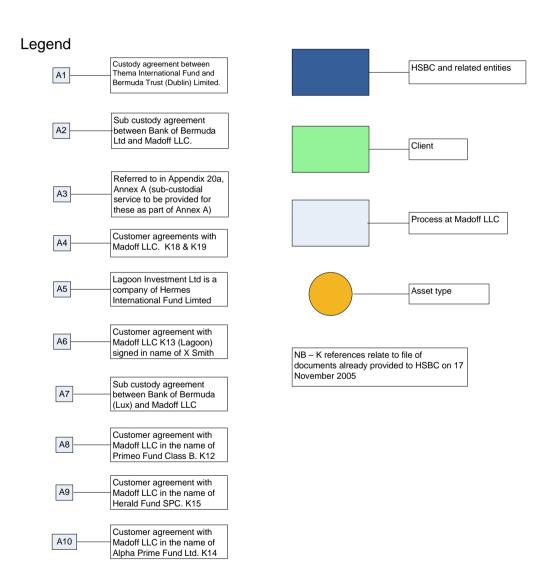


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16 February 2006
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Appendix E – Process flows

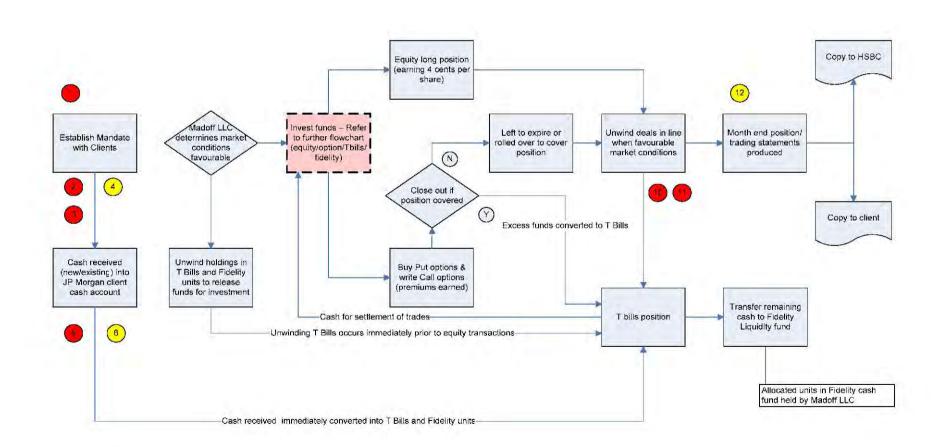
The following pages set out the following:

- Transaction process flows
- Coloured dots indicating where a fraud or related operational risk may lie. A red dot indicates a potential fraud risk and a yellow dot, a related operational risk.



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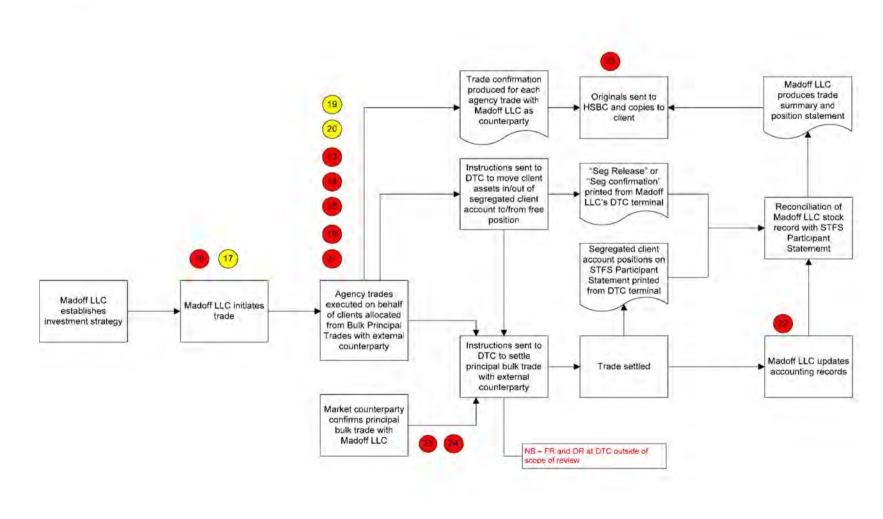
Overview





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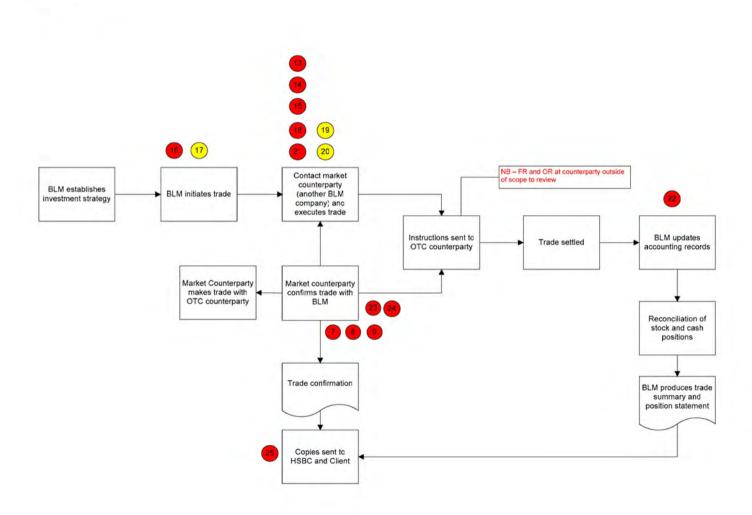
EQUITY





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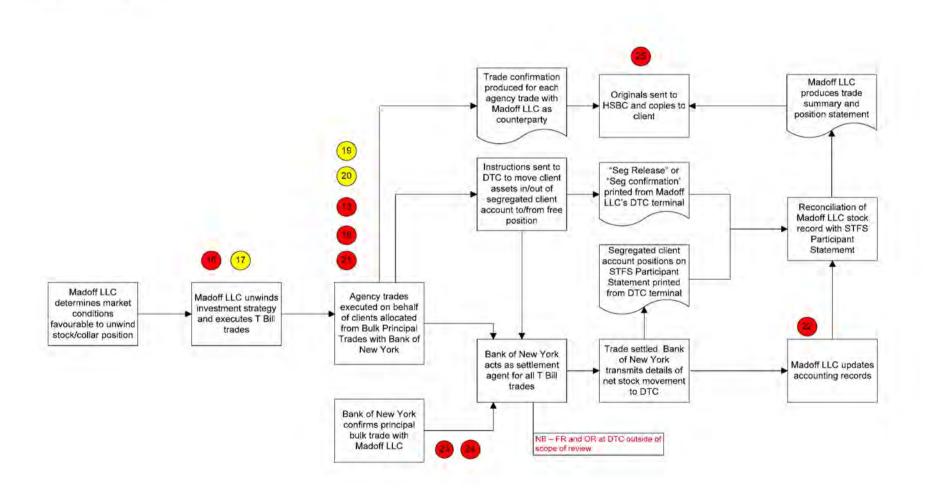
OPTIONS





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16 February 2006
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TREASURY BILLS

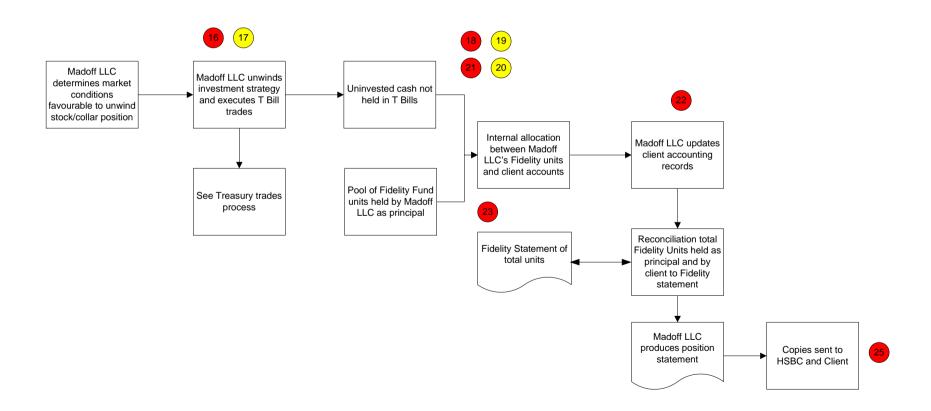




54

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Fidelity





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16 February 2006
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Appendix F – Sources of information

Documents

Sub-Custody Agreement between" The Bank of Bermuda Limited and Bernand L Madoff Investment Securities LLC

Sub-Custody Agreement between "The Bank of Bermuda (Lux) SA and Bernand L Madoff Investment Securities LLC

Pledge Agreement between Thema Wise Investments and HSBC Security Services (Lux) SA

A select number of Customer trade confirmations issued by Bernard L Madoff Investment Securities LLC

A select number of Trading Statements issued by Bernard L Madoff Investment Securities LLC

HSBC and Madoff personnel

Christine Coe, Chief Credit Officer, HSBC

Brian Pettitt, Network Manager, HSBC

Saverio Florino, HSSL Luxembourg

Anne Meehan, HSBC Dublin

Bernard Madoff, Chairman, Bernard L Madoff Investment Securities LLC

Frank Di Pascali, Head of Institutional Operations, Bernard L Madoff Investment Securities LLC

Shana Madoff, Compliance Counsel, Bernard L Madoff Investment Securities LLC

HSBC and Madoff LLC employees mentioned in the report but not spoken to:

Dan Bonvertrie, Head of Dealer Operations, Madoff LLC

Enrica Cotellessa-Pitaz, Financial Controller, Madoff LLC

David Hugel, Trading Floor Compliance Analyst, Madoff LLC



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$Appendix \ G-HSBC \ clients$

The following table sets out Bank of Bermuda (HSBC) clients

Client name	Referred to in this report as
Thema International Fund Plc	Thema
Thema Fund Limited – Thema Coral Fund (Thema Wise Limited)	Thema Wise
Hermes International Funds – Hermes Neutral Fund (Lagoon Investments)	Hermes Neutral
Hermes International Funds – Hermes Universal Fund (Lagoon Investments)	Hermes Universal
Hermes International Funds – Hermes World USD Fund (Lagoon Investments)	Hermes World
Primeo Fund – Primeo Select Fund	Primeo
Herald Fund SPC - Herald USA Segregated Portfolio One Fund	Herald
Alpha Prime Fund Limited	Alpha
Square One Fund Limited	Square One

EXHIBIT D

Draft 2008 KPMG Report



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HSBC Bank plc

Review of fraud and related operational risks at Bernard L Madoff Investment Securities LLC

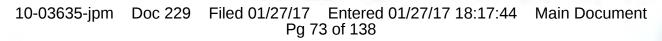
> KPMG LLP 8 September 2008 This report contains 24 pages Appendices contain 32 pages dl/dy

10-03635-jpm Doc 229 Filed 01/27/17 Entered 01/27/17 18:17:44 Main Document Pg 72 of 138



HSBC Bank plc Bernard L Madoff Investment Securities LLC 8 September 2008 Strictly private and confidential

Cor	ntents		4.2 4.3 4.4	Fraud	ess overview I and operational risks r findings	17 21 22
1	Introduction	2	5	Our	Our Recommendations	
1.1	Our instructions Background	2 3 3	5.1 Governance and Entity-wide issues5.2 Specific Risks			24 27
1.3 1.4 1.5	Our Approach Limitations Report format	3 4 5	6	Revi	ew of Agreements	29
1.6	Appendices Confidentiality	5	Appe	ndix A	Transaction process	25
2	Executive summary	7		ndix B	Fraud risk, controls & testing	26
2.1	Introduction Major Findings	7 7		ndix C	Details of Funds per Madoff LLC records Summary of discrepancies in documentation	38 40
2.3	Main recommendations	9	Appe	ndix E	Contractual arrangements	45
3.1 3.2 3.3	Madoff LLC Introduction Background Governance	11 11 11 13	Appe	ndix F	Process flow	52
4	Risk and control issues	17				
4.1	Introduction	17				





Glossary

Assets	Stocks, options, Treasury Bills and Fidelity funds	Loss	Losses resulting from fraud or related operational error by Madoff LLC management or staff. It excludes losses resulting from an investment.
BLM	Mr Bernard L Madoff (Chairman of Bernard L		Great the first that the first of the first
	Madoff Securities LLC)	Madoff LLC	Bernard L Madoff Investment Securities LLC
BNY	Bank of New York	NASD	The United States National Association of Securities Dealers
BTDL	Bermuda Trust (Dublin) Limited		
Client	Any one of 12 clients (11 current and one expired [Primeo Fund]) where HSBC act as custodian and Madoff LLC acts as sub-custodian. These clients	Option	A contract that gives the right to buy or sell some assets (eg shares) at a fixed price on or before a given date.
	are identified in the Appendix of this report.	OTC	Over the Counter
CUSIP	An identification number assigned to a fund	SEC	The United States Securities and Exchange Commission
DTC	Depository Trust Company		Commission
Equity	Share in a listed company	SIAC	Securities Industry Automation Corporation
FINRA	The Financial Industry Regulatory Authority (US)	T-Bills	Treasury bill

HSBC

HSSL

HSBC Bank plc

HSBC Securities Services Luxembourg



1 Introduction

1.1 Our instructions

This Report has been prepared in accordance with the terms of the engagement letter, dated 19 March 2008, between KPMG LLP ("KPMG") and HSBC Bank plc ("HSBC"). The purpose of the engagement was to assist HSBC to identify the fraud risks that may arise as a result of HSBC, acting as custodian and investment advisor, placing the funds of twelve HSBC clients (hereafter referred to as "HSBC clients") and in addition investments placed by HSBC for investment ("HSBC Investments") with Bernard L Madoff Investment Securities LLC ('Madoff LLC') in New York. As stated in the engagement letter the purpose of our work was:

"to assist you to:

- Understand how the client funds held by Madoff LLC are recorded and reported to HSBC;
- Identify the fraud, related operational risks and related governance matters at Madoff LLC, arising from the relationship between HSBC and Madoff LLC;
- Determine the process whereby HSBC would be notified in the event of suspected fraud or misconduct which may impact on HSBC client funds; and
- Perform limited testing on a sample basis of the existence and accuracy of recording transactions executed by Madoff LLC on behalf of HSBC."

The review was to include speaking to HSBC staff based in London, Luxembourg and Dublin and conducting a selective review at the offices of Madoff LLC.



1.2 Background

HSBC has engaged KPMG LLP (UK) to conduct a review on behalf of HSBC, acting as custodian, placing the funds of a number of HSBC clients for investment with Madoff LLC in New York. As part of that review KPMG has been requested to review the process by which Madoff LLC receives, invests and accounts for these funds, how Madoff LLC interacts with HSBC with regards to these funds, and to look at potential fraud and misappropriation risks. Although to HSBC's knowledge, no allegations of fraud or misconduct have been raised, HSBC as custodian wished to ensure that an appropriate review was undertaken.

1.3 Our Approach

The review was carried out as follows:

- Interviewing a number of selected employees of HSBC. The purpose of these interviews was to gain an understanding of the various
 routes by which trades could be effected, to discuss specific fraud risks that could arise and to gain an understanding of the areas of
 concern.
- · Obtaining and reviewing selected documentation from HSBC relating to trading conducted by Madoff LLC.
- Interviewing staff at Madoff LLC including Bernard L Madoff (BLM), Chairman and Frank di Pascali (FdP), Head of Operations.
 The purpose of these interviews was to confirm our understanding of the trading process and discuss specific fraud risk issues.
- Testing, on a selective basis, a number of fraud risks and related internal controls relating to trades executed by Madoff LLC (refer to Appendix B).
- · Preparing this Report.

KPMG undertook its fieldwork during a three week period between 8 to 25 April 2008. During this time KPMG staff attended at HSBC's offices in London, held discussions with HSBC staff on a selective basis, attended at Madoff LLC's in order to meet with a number of Madoff LLC personnel and carried out testing on a selective basis.

This Report summarises our findings and recommendations in relation to the services provided in accordance with the Engagement Terms.



1.4 Limitations

The following needs to be considered when reading this document.

- We have relied on the information provided by HSBC and Madoff LLC personnel and have not independently verified that information.
- . We were not required to review portfolio performance at Madoff LLC, nor have we carried out an audit of client assets.
- We have not independently assessed trading particularly at Madoff LLC against US legal and regulatory requirements as our work focussed on fraud and related operational risk issues.
- KPMG has not conducted an audit as part of this work, whether statutory or otherwise of HSBC, Madoff LLC or the information provided.
- This document is not intended to be a comprehensive review of HSBC's or Madoff LLC's processes for the purchase, transfer or
 sale of any asset on behalf of a client. The process by which HSBC uses the services of Madoff LLC and the process for investing
 client funds and allocating trade activity is complex; the document should be considered in the context of the limited time spent on
 this engagement.
- We have held discussions with HSBC staff, reviewed selected documents provided by HSBC and performed five days work on-site at Madoff LLC. However, our findings and conclusions may change if further information comes to light.
- The risks and controls outlined in this report do not constitute a complete list of all possible fraud and related loss risks that exist
 within Madoff LLC.
- We were not engaged to identify or review risk or controls at HSBC operations. However, we have made a number of
 recommendations for the consideration of HSBC management in order to assist HSBC manage the risks identified in this report.
 HSBC remain responsible for the implementation, or otherwise, of these recommendations.



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- A number of suggested actions have been identified, which require priority consideration, with regard to fraud and related
 operational risks ("the risks"). HSBC may wish to prioritise these based on internal criteria.
- The assessment as to the existence and effectiveness of specific internal controls at Madoff LLC was limited to those reviewed while reviewing a select number of randomly selected trades.
- While we held discussions with BLM regarding the Internal Audit and Compliance framework at Madoff LLC, we did not
 specifically review any compliance related reports, internal audit reports, conflicts register or customer complaints.
- Whilst we were informed by BLM that Madoff LLC have in place an AML policy which formed part of the compliance framework
 we have focussed our work as requested on fraud rather than AML risks.

1.5 Report format

We have structured the Report as follows:

- Section 2 Executive Summary;
- Section 3 Madoff LLC;
- Section 4 Risk and control issues;
- Section 5 Our Recommendations; and
- Section 6 Review of Agreements.

1.6 Appendices

Appendices include a summary of the fraud and related operational risks, selective controls and a description of the tests undertaken.



1.7 Confidentiality

This document is strictly private and confidential. It may not be disclosed, copied, quoted or referred to in whole or in part, whether for the purposes of disciplinary proceedings or otherwise without our prior written consent. Such consent, if given, may be on conditions including, without limitation, an indemnity against any claims by third parties arising from release of any part of this document or other correspondence, including reports, issued by us.



HSBC Bank plc

Bernard L Madoff Investment Securities LLC 8 September 2008 Strictly private and confidential

2 Executive summary

2.1 Introduction

KPMG was engaged by HSBC to undertake a review of the fraud and related operational risks that may arise at Madoff LLC while acting as sub custodian to twelve HSBC client accounts and in addition managing investments placed by HSBC. We were asked to assist HSBC:

- · understand how the client funds held by Madoff LLC are recorded and reported to HSBC;
- identify the fraud and related operational risks that may arise as a result of HSBC, acting as custodian, placing HSBC clients funds
 with Madoff LLC and in addition placing HSBC Investments for investment with Madoff LLC; and
- determine the process whereby HSBC would be notified in the event of suspected fraud or misconduct which may impact on HSBC clients funds and HSBC Investments.

The work included reviewing documentation provided by HSBC and Madoff LLC and holding discussions with HSBC and Madoff LLC management. We also carried out, on a selective basis, testing of client transactional data held at Madoff LLC. However, this did not represent a statistically significant selection.

This review follows a review by us of Madoff LLC in late 2005. The findings of that review are contained in our report entitled "Review of fraud and related operational risks at Bernard L Madoff Investment Securities LLC", dated 16 February 2006 ('previous review').

2.2 Major Findings

Our major findings are set out below:

Asset ownership: Independent and external confirmation as to the ownership of individual HSBC client assets cannot be made.
 Madoff LLC undertake bulk trades and then allocate these assets on a proportional basis within Madoff LLC to the individual client



accounts. Madoff LLC produce a 'Client Confirmation' for each asset transaction other than for transactions to buy or sell Options and Fidelity funds.

- Internal controls: While the controls tested by KPMG during the course of the on-site work were found to be in place, we identified
 a number of areas where better segregation controls could be applied (e.g. Fidelity and options). In addition, current controls at
 Madoff LLC may not prevent fraud or error occurring on client accounts, if management or staff at Madoff LLC either override
 controls or undertake activities where appropriate controls are not in place.
- Escalation: BLM, is responsible for determining whether matters concerning HSBC client accounts (eg fraud or significant errors) should be reported to HSBC. BLM stated that in the event this occurs, he would report the issue to Paul Smith or Brian Petitt. BLM was not aware that Paul Smith was no longer with HSBC.
- Limited contact with HSBC: BLM stated that HSBC clients represented one-third of the total business of Madoff LLC. However, contact between the parties is mainly initiated by HSBC (through Brian Petitt) and although BLM visits Madoff LLC's office in London throughout the year, he does not appear to have had any meeting with HSBC in London.
- HSBC operations: HSBC staff in Luxembourg and Dublin receive information on client accounts from BLM (such as trading activity and price) upon which it appears that a high level of reliance is placed.
- Fund recognition: Kingate Global Fund Ltd is set up on Madoff LLC system "c/o Bank of Bermuda Ltd A/C/F Kingate Global Fund". According to Frank de Pascali, this fund had an equity balance of USD 2,669,384,000 as at 31 March 2008 and is held on behalf of HSBC, but the documentation is still in the name of Bank of Bermuda Ltd.
- Fidelity Account: Madoff LLC maintains a pooled holding within the Fidelity Fund and units are allocated to clients for the balance
 of uninvested cash. There is no segregation of accounts control in respect of HSBC client accounts.
- Market relevant fraud: BLM had no knowledge of the Sentinel case, which could be useful in confirming whether the controls at Madoff LLC would prevent and detect such an event.
- Review of sub-custody agreements: The Luxemburg and Dublin sub-custody agreements appear to contain certain discrepancies in terms of the funds held in these jurisdictions. This is further explained in Section 6 and Appendix D of this report.



2.3 Main recommendations

The following main recommendations are further developed in Section 5 and are in addition to those set out in Appendix B.

- Escalation: Establish a formal agreement, documented and signed by both parties (e.g. HSBC and Madoff LLC) which sets out the
 requirements and criteria for reporting suspected or proven fraud or error which has or may impact on a HSBC client account (Refer
 to section 3.3)
- Whistleblowing: HSBC may wish to consider the introducing an external ethics line, where Madoff LLC staff can report directly
 any cases of suspected fraudulent activity in relation to HSBC held funds. This would require the cooperation of Madoff LLC.
 (Refer to section 3.3)
- Fund recognition: HSBC should consider consolidating report information currently provided by Madoff LLC (currently report to
 two locations; Luxembourg and Dublin). This may assist to reduce the risk of misallocating assets between the twelve client
 accounts. (Refer to section 3.3)
- 4
- Disaster Recovery action plan: Consider documenting a response plan. This should include: key contacts, HSBC and Madoff LLC insurance details, contact details of key US, UK and other relevant regulators and actions to consider to secure control over client assets. (Refer to section 3.2)
- Review HSBC operations: Undertake a review at HSBC's custody centres (Luxembourg and Dublin) in order to ensure that
 appropriate procedures are in place to independently confirm, where possible, accuracy of transactions, identify possible risks and
 issues and record any errors, missing information or other operational issues.
- Periodic review: Undertake a periodic review at Madoff LLC to ensure the integrity of accounting for client transactions and assets. The information in this report may serve as a guide as to how this assessment may occur.
- Contract review: Review the sub-custody contracts between HSBC and Madoff LLC to ensure that they reflect the current requirements and agreed obligations of Madoff LLC. (Refer to section 6)



Establish the legal chain: Review sub-custody agreements and underlying contracts/documentation to ensure that HSBC has
primary custodian rights over the underlying assets held within the funds. The table at Appendix D summaries the discrepancies
identified between the sub-custody agreements and various other documentation. The charts at Appendix E further illustrate the
relationships identified between the various parties and areas where gaps have been identified. (Refer to section 6 and Appendix D)



3 Madoff LLC

3.1 Introduction

This section sets out how HSBC client funds are transacted and recorded at Madoff LLC. This section is set out as follows:

- Background
- Governance issues

3.2 Background

Madoff LLC records state that the business is a registered broker/dealer with the SEC and a member of the NASD. According to its website, Bernard L. Madoff LLC Investment Securities LLC is a leading international market maker. The firm has been providing quality executions for broker-dealers, banks, and financial institutions since its inception in 1960. During this time, Madoff LLC has compiled an uninterrupted record of growth, which has enabled it to continually build its financial resources. With more than \$600 million in firm capital, Madoff LLC currently ranks among the top 1% of US Securities firms. Madoff LLC Securities' clients include scores of leading securities firms, banks and financial institutions from across the United States and around the world. The firm is a leading market-maker in all of the S&P 500 stocks as well as over 350 NASDAQ issues.

Madoff LLC remains a predominantly family-owned business with the senior positions within the company continuing to being held by members of the Madoff family. BLM is the CEO and Chairman of the company whilst his younger brother Peter Madoff is Head of Compliance. BLM's two sons are also part of the senior management of the company.

According to BLM, Madoff LLC has approximately USD 8 billion of funds under management on behalf of HSBC clients, (including Kingate Global Fund Ltd), which represents approximately 33% of Madoff LLC's total funds under management, an increase from the previous review when Madoff LLC held USD 2 billion of funds on behalf of HSBC clients i.e. approximately 12.5 % of Madoff LLC's total funds under management.



Although HSBC has the primary custodian relationship with the twelve clients (as set out in Appendix C) managed by Madoff LLC, HSBC has appointed Madoff LLC as sub-custodian for these clients. Madoff LLC state that they do not hold any other relationship with any of these clients outside of the existing HSBC relationship. That is, none of the twelve clients is also a client for Madoff LLC under another arrangement. BLM claims to offer the same strategy to all of the clients within the HSBC relationship and that their aim is to achieve consistent, moderate returns over the long term. Madoff LLC's strategy involves holding around 45 to 50 of the most liquid stocks within the S&P 100 and fully hedging the long equity positions with a collar strategy of S&P 100 put and call options. Although this is not specifically set out in the broker agreements between Madoff LLC and its clients, this is effectively the product which Madoff LLC markets to clients.

The key activities undertaken by Madoff LLC on behalf of its clients including HSBC clients includes: receiving client funds, determining the investment strategy, placing orders for client funds (new or existing) into one or more investments (equities, put or call options, T-bills, or Fidelity funds), allocating the investments into client funds, selling the investment, making distribution payments to clients as required and reporting to HSBC and the clients.

Reporting

Madoff LLC provide HSBC and their clients with the following documents ('trading activity information'):

- a client confirmation for each trade;
- a monthly trading and positions statement; and
- · a credit/debit memorandum where there have been capital injections/withdrawals from the client account.

The client confirmation is a document created by Madoff LLC indicating the specific transaction undertaken on behalf of the client.

Method of reporting

Madoff LLC provide trading activity information by sending a facsimile to the respective HSBC offices (Luxemburg and Dublin). As noted in the previous review, they state that they use this process as they have concerns over the security of other forms of dispatch such as encryption or email. Original copies of the documentation are then sent to the respective HSBC sites by post. Copies of the trade documentation are sent to the clients.



The following information was provided by BLM during the course of the on-site work. These have not been independently confirmed:

- Disaster recovery: Madoff LLC continues to maintain a disaster recovery centre and states that they have part ownership of the
 recovery site. Located near New York's La Guardia airport, the site contains IT systems which shadow the New York city
 operations.
- Manual trading: BLM stated that all trades are executed through the automated trading system and that no manual trades are undertaken. Password access is limited to BLM and FdP.
- Trading errors: All trading is automated and while few errors occur they usually relate to errors in price or quantity. BLM
 maintains that if the error occurred at Madoff LLC, that Madoff LLC, would make up any loss that may arise. Gains received would
 be passed on to the client account.

3.3 Governance

A number of factors were taken into account when assessing governance issues at Madoff LLC with respect to the fraud and related operational risks. These are set out as follows:

- · Fraud risk management
- Governance committees
- Escalation and reporting
- Other issues

Fraud risk management

Fraud risk management ('FRM') can be considered to encapsulate those activities designed to prevent, detect and respond to suspected or actual fraud or misconduct. These activities include: setting out roles and responsibilities with respect to fraud, appropriate anti-fraud policies, identification and assessment of fraud risks, training and awareness, escalation and reporting processes and monitoring.



Findings

BLM stated that he is responsible for the prevention and detection of fraud or misconduct issues at Madoff LLC. We noted that Madoff LLC continues not to have any specific fraud policies and we were provided with the following policy documents: "Anti-Money laundering (AML) Program: Compliance and Supervisory Procedures" and "Internal Risk Management and Controls".

The AML document states that "Bernard L. Madoff Investment Securities LLC ("Madoff") prohibits and actively prevents money laundering and any activity that facilitates money laundering of the funding of terrorist or criminal activities" (page 1). Peter Madoff is the designated Money Laundering Reporting Officer (MLRO).

BLM stated that the approach adopted by Madoff LLC is to identify any errors or potential non compliance issues rather than to identify fraud or related operational risks. Madoff LLC state that a major consideration is the potential for breaching compliance issues, rather than potential fraudulent activity.

Governance committees

Governance committees, with respect of fraud, are those committees which actively seek to ascertain and, where appropriate, drive forward the organisation's approach to preventing, detecting and reporting fraud. Madoff LLC has in place Compliance and Internal Audit Committees which may consider fraud and misconduct issues.

Findings

Madoff LLC operate a number of governance committees. Those relevant to this review are:

- Legal & Compliance Committee. A committee chaired by Peter Madoff and its members include Shana Madoff and BLM. The
 group meets monthly and focuses on new regulations, compliance and position limits.
- Internal Audit Committee. A committee chaired by BLM and its members are Peter Madoff and Elizabeth Weintraub. Attendees
 include David Hugel, Trading Floor Compliance Analyst, Enrica Pitz, Financial Controller and Daniel Bonventre, Head of Dealer
 Operations. Meetings are held monthly. Internal Audit produces a quarterly report. The chair of the Internal Audit Committee also
 conducts the reviews and signs the reports.



There does not appear to be a standing agenda item to consider specific fraud or misconduct risks or control issues.

Escalation and reporting

This section considers how HSBC would be notified in event of suspected fraud or misconduct occurring and which may impact on a client account while under effective control of Madoff LLC.

Findings

A clear escalation and reporting framework has not been documented. Current arrangements at Madoff LLC are that BLM is responsible for client relationships and reporting of issues. Reports to HSBC can be considered on two levels:

- Ongoing reporting to HSBC operations in Luxembourg and Dublin. This includes reporting trading activity on individual client
 accounts and attending to queries which may arise and initiated by HSBC. Reporting and responding to these issues is usually
 undertaken by FdP, (Head of Operations) or one of his staff.
- Matters "of consequence" which are identified at Madoff LLC, whether they relate to Madoff LLC or HSBC, with regards to the
 client accounts. BLM stated that although no such issues have arisen to date, he would report any such issue to either Paul Smith +
 (Head of AFS, HSBC in New York) or Brian Petitt (Network Manager, HSBC London). We noted that BLM was not aware that
 Paul Smith was no longer with HSBC.

Other relevant issues

Other factors which were considered during the course of the on-site work include: staff incentives and potential conflicts of interest.

Findings

The following information was provided by BLM:

Remuneration: All Madoff LLC staff receive a base salary. In addition, traders receive a percentage of profits while support and
other staff receive an additional amount depending on their individual performance throughout the year.



Conflicts of Interest: All members of staff are required to declare any potential conflicts of interests. We noted that there was no
formal process for recording this.



4 Risk and control issues

4.1 Introduction

The process by which Madoff LLC receives funds, invests and reports to HSBC was reviewed in order to assist HSBC identify fraud and operational risks which may result in a client suffering a loss. This process was discussed with HSBC staff and confirmed through discussions held with BLM and FdP. This resulted in the identification of a number of fraud and operational risks. Diagrams appear in appendices D and E which set out the transaction process and relationship between HSBC, Madoff LLC and the client accounts.

4.2 Process overview

The processes around the execution of trades was discussed with BLM and FdP and is documented below.

Equity and corresponding hedge trades are executed by Madoff LLC using a house model. There can be up to 40 models at any given time, all of which are based on the same overall strategy, but with differing timing and weighting parameters. Madoff LLC executes trades using the most favourable strategy model at any given time depending on market conditions. Principal trades are executed on a bulk basis with external market counterparties and allocated to the clients as "agency" trades on an average prices basis according to an allocation algorithm which effectively pro-rates the trades to the client's holdings. The house model is uploaded to the in-house developed electronic trading system which indicates \$ bid and offer prices for the relevant stock to the external market counterparties on the trade blotter. All trades are executed through the electronic trade system and there is no further communication with the market counterparties unless there are settlement differences (see below).

As the principal bulk trade orders are filled, the corresponding customer confirmations are automatically generated for each of the agency trades being allocated to the client accounts. Original copies of these "customer trade confirmations" are sent directly to HSBC (and copies are sent to clients). The confirmations contain the following information:

- · Stock name;
- CUSIP number;



- Nominal /quantity of shares;
- · Price at execution;
- Trade date and settlement date;
- Seller (in the case of the individual agency trades for each client, this is Madoff LLC);
- · Agency account number; and
- A system-generated unique transaction identification number.

Madoff LLC settles the principal bulk trades through the Depository Trust Company (DTC) with the external market counterparties (see transaction process diagram in Appendix A). As the principal bulk trades are allocated to the clients, the trading system records the total amount of the trade which is to be allocated to clients as agency trades. This total is communicated to the DTC through the settlement process since the stock from the market counterparties can only be delivered to a "free position" at the DTC (a sub account used for settlement) before being transferred to the "Segregated Account" (or "Seg") for the benefit of the clients. This communication is done automatically by the trading system and the DTC confirms the movement of stock into the client segregated account through a "Seg Confirmation" on a daily basis (where client accounts have received stock). Where Madoff LLC executes a sell order on behalf of clients, the stock is transferred out of the segregated account into the free position at the DTC before the sell trades can be settled.

The trading system indicates the total amount of stock to be "released" from the segregated account and the DTC will confirm this through a "Seg Release" notification. The Seg Confirmations and Seg Releases are automatically printed for each bulk trade from the DTC terminal within Madoff LLC's operations. The confirmations include the CUSIP, the total nominal, cash consideration and trade identification number which can be reconciled back to the client stock record/and trade blotter if necessary.

The principal bulk trades remain on the trade blotter which is reconciled to the DTC confirmations on a daily basis to ensure completeness and accuracy over trade recording. The agency trades are allocated to the client accounts in time priority with the aim of ensuring that no client is disadvantaged by market timing. According to BLM, the recorded agency trade execution price is typically an average of the principal bulk trade price achieved including commission which averages four cents per share.



Equity trades

On trade date (T), the trade blotters are assembled. These include details of all trading activity for the day, the sum value of trades and the average price. The customer trade confirmations are automatically generated for all agency trades and sent to HSBC/copies to clients. The agency trades for each client account are detailed on the trade blotter, the sum of which should equal the corresponding principal bulk trade. Copies of the trade blotters for a selection of days were provided to KPMG. KPMG observed that for a selection of client agency trades, the total nominal amounts of the agency trades were consistent with a corresponding principal bulk trade executed with an external market counterparty.

The aggregate amount of stock to be moved to/from the client segregated account is confirmed as segregated or released by the DTC (see above). The trade details flow directly from the trade blotter to update the underlying client ledgers. An individual client ledger is maintained for each client "fund" with an account number of the format "1-FR-XXXX-Y-0" ("X" represents client account number, whilst "Y" represents account type e.g. 3-0 is the equity, cash and US Treasuries account; 4-0 is the options account). Madoff LLC has one omnibus account at the DTC – the "0646" account which is used to settle all principal bulk trades. This omnibus account comprises the free position (used for settlement) and a segregated client account (used for holding client assets).

On T+1, the principal bulk trades are reconciled to the daily feed of matched/cleared items from the DTC. The reconciliation involves a download of the previous day's trading from the clearing system, SIAC (Securities Industry Automation Corporation – similar to CREST in the UK) which is automatically performed between 3am and 4am daily. All trade details on the download are in a standard "flat CSV file" format. The operations team format the trade details on the trade blotter to be consistent with the SIAC download which enables them to match the trade details. Any discrepancies are noted on the daily "Break Sheet". Items are classified as break items when any details outside of a set value tolerance do not agree (a value tolerance of \$10.00 is set to account for rounding etc.) In the majority of cases, the differences are either due to rounding or incorrect recording of commission amounts. In some cases, the external market counterparty inputs an incorrect price.

The Purchase and Sales (P&S) department at Madoff LLC are responsible for resolving all breaks and document the actions taken on the daily Break Sheets. The original Break Sheets are retained for one month before being discarded (although a Break Sheet for any given day can be rerun from the trading system). The Break Sheets show cumulative breaks that are unresolved, hence a break which has not yet been resolved will appear on consecutive day's Break Sheets until cleared. Owing to how the client trades are priced (using an average of the order fill price), Madoff give their clients contractual settlement and the errors or differences are either written off or recovered from the market counterparty. BLM noted that errors tend to be a rare occurrence owing to the way in which the automated trading system posts "bids" and "offers" to the market. Copies of the counterparty blotters were provided to KPMG for a selection of dates. KPMG recalculated the average price per the

10-03635-jpm Doc 229 Filed 01/27/17 Entered 01/27/17 18:17:44 Main Document Pg 92 of 138



HSBC Bank plc
Bernard L Madoff Investment Securities LLC
8 September 2068
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transaction details on the counterparty blotter and observed that the recalculated average price agreed to the price on the client statement per Madoff's records.

On Settlement date (typically T+3 for equities, T+1 for Treasury stock), the stock and relating cash is transferred between the market counterparty and the Madoff LLC settlement account at the DTC (the free position) and the total of client stock purchases are moved to the segregated client account. To ensure that each client ledger accurately reflects the post traded position, a daily stock reconciliation is performed between the individual client ledgers (the daily stock record) and the segregated client account at DTC (using a STFS Participants Statement' as provided by the DTC). These are typically retained for one quarter before being discarded. In addition, a monthly stock and cash reconciliation is performed in accordance with regulations. The total of reconciliation differences from these processes should sum to zero on the basis that all external breaks (from the daily SIAC process) have been resolved and hence the differences should only relate to the allocation of trades to individual clients accounts. Copies of the STFS Participant Statements were provided to KPMG for a selection of days. KPMG observed that the aggregate agency holdings per the stock records were consistent with the total segregated client assets per the STFS Participant Statements from DTC.

T-Bills and other trades

The trading process for T-Bills generally follows the same process as set out above except for the fact that the a single market counterparty is used for the external trade – Bank of New York ("BNY"), who also acts as clearing house for the trades. As these trades are settled directly with BNY, they do not appear on the daily SIAC download since they are not being settled through a depository such as the DTC. BLM asserted that Madoff LLC do not charge any commission for the trades in T-Bills. Copies of the STFS Participant Statements were provided to KPMG for a selection of quarters. KPMG observed that the aggregate agency holdings per the stock records were consistent with the total segregated client assets per the STFS Participant Statements from DTC.

Trades in put and call options are traded on behalf of clients "Over the Counter" (OTC) direct with market counterparties (who are typically wholesale clients of Madoff LLC). The details of the put/call options are recorded on the trade blotters which identify individual contracts with market counterparties. FdP asserted that as these are OTC contracts, there are no customer confirmations for these trades. FdP asserted that Madoff LLC is required to maintain at least a 15% cash margin in the event that the options are exercised. KPMG haphazardly selected one counterparty of a selected option contract held by HSBC to assess a representative coverage ratio of HSBC's aggregate exposure. KPMG noted a unique identifier of the selected counterparty and inspected the stock record position for T-Bills of all maturities held by the unique identified. KPMG obtained the market price for the T-Bills with an approximated-weighted maturity at the mid point for all of the identified T-Bill maturities and applied it as the mid point price to all identified T-Bills. KPMG then recalculated the coverage ratio to confirm that there is at least a 15% cash margin in the event that the options are exercised.



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Uninvested cash is maintained in either T-Bills or units in the Fidelity Money Markets Fund (Fidelity Spartan). Madoff LLC maintains a pooled holding within the Fidelity Fund and units are allocated to clients for the balance of uninvested cash. The allocations to underlying client accounts are processed on the trade blotters, but since this is effectively an internal allocation, there is no external confirmation. The operations department perform a reconciliation of clients' holdings in Fidelity units (per the daily stock record) to the total units held by Madoff LLC in the Fidelity Fund. Any new funds received from clients is placed into a pooled client cash account held at JP Morgan Chase. The balance of this account is typically nil, since all cash is immediately switched into T-Bills or units in the Fidelity Fund. According to BLM, new cash injections from clients are a rare occurrence (less than once a month) and cash is rarely received without prior notice. Since cash is immediately switched into T-Bills, Fidelity units or stock, if a client has sent cash in error, Madoff LLC will unwind any positions in order to return the monies to the client. On an ongoing basis, T-Bills are liquidated in order to enable settlement of equity trades and vice versa. Copies of the Fidelity statements were provided to KPMG for a selection of months. KPMG observed that the aggregated Fidelity holdings of all agency clients (including HSBC funds) were less than the total market value of the units held by Madoff for benefit of clients on the Fidelity statements to ensure adequacy of cover.

We have confirmed with FdP that Fidelity account X08-092622 titled: Bernard L Madoff Investments Securities LLC FBO Cust holds customers fully paid for securities, (Fidelity U.S. Treasury Money Market) free of any charge, lien or claim of any kind of such carrying firm.

4.3 Fraud and operational risks

KPMG reviewed the process by which client funds are remitted to and from Madoff LLC and the management of those funds while under the control of Madoff LLC. 28 fraud and operational risks were identified and discussed with HSBC. These are set out in Appendix B. During the course of the onsite work at Madoff LLC, KPMG identified, through discussion with Madoff LLC staff (primarily BLM and FdP) a number of internal controls relevant to these risks.

Specific tests were undertaken on 19 of the 28 risks identified in order to selectively test the controls. These were undertaken as follows:

- selecting one or more transactions that were recorded as occurring on each of the twelve client accounts in 2007; and
- reviewing documentation provided by Madoff LLC purportedly supporting those transactions.

The table (following page) summaries the 28 fraud and related operational risks. These risks have been classified (as set out in Appendix B) after taking into account internal controls identified as a result of discussions with HSBC and Madoff LLC staff.



The internal controls were identified by reviewing documents and conducting interviews with Madoff LLC.

Table 1: Summary of fraud and related operational risks

No of controls identified	Risks reviewed	
Mandates to trade	Ī	
Cash received or held	2 to 7	
Trading (Equities/Options/Fidelity/T-Bills)	8 to 23	
Accounting for client assets	24 and 25	
Market counterparty	26 and 27	
Copies sent to HSBC and client	28	

4.4 Major findings

The major findings of the risk review are:

- 28 fraud and related operational risks were identified throughout the process whereby Madoff LLC receive, check and account for client funds.
- A limited number of selected controls relating to transactions were tested by KPMG during the course of the on site work at Madoff LLC and were found to be in place. However, we identified a number of areas where better segregation controls could be applied (e.g. Fidelity, Options). In addition, current controls at Madoff LLC may not prevent fraud or error occurring on client accounts if management or staff at Madoff LLC either override controls or undertake activities where appropriate controls are not in place.



- There is strong reliance placed on Madoff LLC/BLM reporting suspected fraud, misconduct or significant error relating to a client account to the appropriate person in HSBC.
- The insurance cover held by Madoff LLC may not provide sufficient cover in the event of one of the above events occurring.



5 Our Recommendations

5.1 Governance and Entity-wide issues

Based on our findings as detailed in Section 3.3 of this report, our recommendations on Governance and other entity wide issues at Madoff LLC is shown in Table 2 below:

Table 2: Recommendations - Governance and Entity wide issues

Element	Recommendation				
Fraud Risk Management	Request that Madoff LLC introduce a fraud risk management policy, applicable to all staff. Key elements could include:				
	- setting out the firm's zero tolerance to fraud;				
	- the role of the Audit and senior management committees with respect to the assessment of fraud;				
	- identification, assessment and mitigation of fraud risk;				
	- fraud awareness communication to management and staff; and				
	- escalation, reporting and monitoring.				
	Further details are contained below.				
Governance Committees	Ensure that specific fraud or misconduct risks and control issues are considered through the Governance committees at Madoff LLC				



Element	Recommendation					
Escalation and Reporting	Introduce a clear process for escalating issues to HSBC and document accordingly. This can be established as a formal agreement documents and signed by both parties (i.e. HSBC and Madoff LLC) which sets out the requirements and criteria for reporting suspected or proven fraud or error which has or may impact on a HSBC client account.					
	Consideration should be given as approximately 30% of funds under management with Madoff LLC are HSBC client funds, whether an external reporting arrangement could be made available with respect to HSBC client funds to Madoff LLC staff					
Fund recognition	Consider whether Madoff LLC can ring-fence the assets of the twelve clients for which it acts as sub-custodian and prepare consolidated information for purposes of reporting to HSBC.					
	HSBC should also consider consolidating report information provided by Madoff LLC (which is currently reported to two locations: Luxembourg and Dublin). This may assist to reduce the risk of misallocating assets between the twelve client accounts.					
Financial Incentives	Ensure that actions are undertaken by Madoff LLC to monitor financial and other incentives available to staff (e.g. bonus incentives) which can be a contributory factor in certain cases where fraud occurs.					
Fines and Penalties	Ensure that Madoff LLC report all breaches identified and provide to HSBC a list of all fines and penalties which Madoff LLC staff have been subject to.					



Element	Recommendation					
Response Plan	Ensure there is clear guidance on the necessary steps to be undertaken at Madoff LLC in the event an incident is detected, for HSBC client assets to be secured, and appropriate HSBC personnel and other relevant parties notified.					
	Consider documenting a response plan, which should include: key contacts, HSBC and Madoff LLC insurance details, contact details of key US, UK and other relevant regulators and actions to consider to secure control over client assets					
Review HSBC operations	Consider undertaking a review at HSBC's custody centres (Luxembourg and Dublin) in order to ensure that appropriate and consistent procedures are in place to independently confirm, where possible, accuracy of transactions, identify possible risks and issues and record any errors, missing information or other operational issues					
Contract Review	Review the sub-custody contracts between HSBC and Madoff LLC to ensure that they reflect the current requirements and agreed obligations at Madoff LLC. Our review indicated that Kingate Global Fund Ltd appears as "Bank of Bermuda Ltd" on Madoff LLC's system, however, we were informed by Frank de Pascali of Madoff LLC that it should have been included in the HSBC sub custody agreement. Section 6 of this report details the steps HSBC need to take to ensure the fund names and other information are accurate.					
Establish the legal chain	Review sub custody agreements and underlying contracts/documentation to ensure that HSBC has primary custodian rights over the underlying assets held within the funds. The table at Appendix D summarises the discrepancies identified between sub-custody agreements and various other documentation. (Refer to Section 6 and Appendix D).					



5.2 Specific Risks

Table 3 below shows our recommendations in relation to the specific risks identified during our review and are in addition to those set out in Appendix B. HSBC should undertake a periodic review at Madoff LLC to ensure the integrity of accounting for client transactions and assets. The information in Table 3 below may serve as a guide as to how this assessment may occur.

Table 3: Recommendations - Specific Risks

Element	Recommendation
Insurance Cover	Ensure that the insurance cover held by Madoff LLC provides sufficient cover of fraud and related risks
Movement in Client Assets	Identify and assess risks and controls relevant to the movement and control of client assets at Madoff LLC
Internal and External reports	Request Madoff LLC to submit to HSBC and review Madoff LLC's internal audit and compliance reports, conflict of interest documentation and any external reviews such as those conducted by US Regulatory agencies
Faxed Information	Confirm faxed information on client trading activity as provided by Madoff LLC
Operational Issues	Hold discussions with BLM and other Madoff LLC staff, as appropriate, on fraud and operational risks
Errors, Fines and Penalties	Discuss any errors which may be relevant to HSBC Client accounts and any fines or penalties which Madoff LLC or its staff may have been subject to
Client Trades	Test key controls by selecting client trades and ensure that the HSBC custody centres, (Dublin and Luxembourg), have in place a risk and compliance based program which may include actively testing transaction information provided by Madoff LLC
Options and Fidelity Fund	Consider reviewing prices against market rates on an ongoing basis as the OTC is an internal OTC as Madoff LLC acts as Agent for both clients.
	Consider reviewing the aggregate holdings per Madoff LLC stock record for a selection of dates to the DTC Participation Report to confirm segregated holdings

10-03635-jpm Doc 229 Filed 01/27/17 Entered 01/27/17 18:17:44 Main Document Pg 100 of 138



HSBC Bank plc
Bernard L Madoff Investment Securities LLC
8 September 2008
Strictly private and confidential

Element	Recommendation				
Periodic Review	Consider undertaking a periodic review, which includes tracing a sample of client trades back to the bulk order placed by Madoff LLC.				



6 Review of Agreements

KPMG were provided with a select number of sub custody and client agreement documents by HSBC and Madoff LLC. We conducted a high level review of these documents and a number of discrepancies were identified with regards to different accounts or fund names. These findings and suggested actions are set out below. Further analysis appears in Appendix D.

Square One Fund was one of HSBC client accounts at the time of our last review, however, this fund has reorganised their structure and changed the Fund Administrator from Bank of Bermuda to Circle Partners, The Netherlands. HSBC terminated the sub custodian agreement with effect from 30 June 2006, but Madoff LLC still acts for the fund.

The following actions should be considered in respect of the named client funds:

Sub-custody agreement between HSBC Securities Services (Luxembourg) S.A. and Bernard L. Madoff Investment Securities dated 23 January 2008

Lagoon Investments Limited (FN021 and FR016)

- Ensure that although Annex "A" of the above sub-custody agreement refers to Lagoon Investments Limited (a company of Hermes Limited) and it still applies to the funds held by HSSL (Hermes Neutral, Hermes Universal, Hermes World USD); and
- Ensure that the account names as provided by Madoff LLC (Lagoon Investments Limited) corresponds to the actual account name held by HSSL (SA Spec Cust Acct Lagoon Investment) and that it applies to the funds held by HSSL (Hermes Neutral, Hermes Universal, Hermes World USD)
- Ensure that the sub-custody agreement includes both Lagoon Investments Limited (1-FN021 and 1-FR016)



Alpha Prime Fund Limited (FR097)

- Establish the name of the fund held by HSSL and ensure it relates to the fund name within Annex "A" of the above sub-custody agreement (Alpha Prime Fund Limited); and
- Ensure that the account name for the fund as provided by Madoff LLC (Alpha Prime Fund Limited) corresponds to the actual
 account name held by HSSL (SA Spec Cust Acct for Alpha Prime Fund Limited) and it applies to the fund held by HSSL (the fund
 name to be established by HSBC).

Herald Fund SPC - Herald USA (FR109)

- Establish that the fund name within Annex "A" of the above sub-custody agreement (Herald Fund SPC-Herald USA) and the fund name held by HSSL (Herald USA segregated portfolio one) relate to the same fund; and
- Ensure that the account name for the fund as provided by Madoff LLC (Herald Fund SPC Herald USA Segregated Portfolio One) corresponds to the actual account name held by HSSL (SA Spec Cust Acct for Herald Fund SPC Herald USA) and it applies to the fund held by HSSL (Herald USA segregated portfolio one).

Herald (Lux) (FN135)

- Establish that the fund name within Annex "A" of the above sub-custody agreement Herald (Lux) is correctly reflected in the
 account name and fund name of HSSL; and
- Ensure that the account name for the fund as provided by Madoff LLC (Herald (Lux)) corresponds to the actual account name and fund name held by HSSL.

Senator Fund SPC (FN128)

 Establish that the fund name within Annex "A" of the above sub-custody agreement Senator Fund SPC – Senator equity Segregated Portfolio One is correctly reflected in the account name and fund name of HSSL;



- Ensure that the account name for the fund as provided by Madoff LLC (Senator Fund SPC Senator equity Segregated Portfolio
 One) corresponds to the actual account name and fund name held by HSSL;
- Ensure amended Annex "A" is legally valid. (Note: This fund was missing in the original 'Annex A' of the sub-custody agreement dated 23 Jan 2008 and was included in an amended 'Annex A' dated 8 April 2008).

Thema Wise Investments Ltd. (FR093)

- · Determine which sub-custody agreement captures this fund;
- . Ensure the fund name contained in the sub-custody agreement corresponds to the customer name according to HSSL's records; and
- Establish that the account name as provided by Madoff LLC (Thema Wise Investments Ltd) corresponds to the account name and fund name (Thema Coral Fund) according to HSBC's records.

Sub-custody agreement between Bank of Bermuda (Luxembourg) S.A. and Bernard L. Madoff Securities

Primeo Fund (FN092)

 Ensure that HSBC records are updated as Primeo Fund (1-FN092) merged with Herald Fund SPC-Herald USA Segregated Portfolio One (1-FR109) in May 2007.

Sub-custody agreement between HSBC Institutional Trust Services (Ireland) Limited and Bernard L. Madoff Investment Securities

Thema US Hedged Equity Fund (FN095)

- · Ensure this fund is included in HSBC sub custody agreement;
- Ensure that the account name and fund name (Thema International Fund Plc) are correctly reflected in HSBC records;



- Ensure that the fund name and the customer agreement as obtained from Madoff LLC (Thema US Hedged Equity Fund) reflect the same fund; and
- Please note that the Account Set up is entitled ("The Bank of Bermuda Limited Hamilton Special Custody Account for the
 exclusive benefit of customers of Bermuda Trust (Dublin) Limited)".

Defender Limited (FN132)

- Ensure this fund is included in HSBC sub custody agreement, apparently managed by Dublin;
- Ensure that the account name and fund name are correctly reflected in HSBC records; and
- Ensure that the fund name and the customer agreement as obtained from Madoff LLC (Defender Limited) reflect the same fund.

GI (Global Investments) Plc - Landmark Investment Fund Ireland (FN133)

- Ensure this fund is included in HSBC sub custody agreement, apparently managed by Dublin;
- Ensure that the account name and fund name are correctly reflected in HSBC records;
- Ensure that the fund name and the customer agreement as obtained from Madoff LLC (GI (Global Investments) Plc Landmark Investment Fund Ireland) reflect the same fund; and
- Funds set up in Madoff LLC system as Bank of Bermuda Limited for which no sub-custody agreement has been provided to us for this fund either by HSBC or Madoff LLC.

Kingate Global Fund Ltd – USD Shares (FN061)

- Ensure this fund is included in HSBC sub custody agreement;
- Ensure that the account name and fund name are correctly reflected in HSBC records; and



HSBC Bank ple

Bernard L Madoff Investment Securities LLC 8 September 2008 Strictly private and confidential

· Please note that this fund appears as "Bank of Bermuda Ltd" on Madoff LLC's system.

Funds dropped off since last review

Square One Fund Limited

Ensure that HSBC records correctly reflect that Square One Fund Limited dropped out on 30 June 2006. Square One Fund
reorganised their structure and changed the Fund Administrator from Bank of Bermuda to Circle Partners, The Netherlands. The
Bank terminated the sub custodian agreement with effect from 30 June 2006. Madoff LLC still acts for the fund.

Sub-custody agreement between The Bank of Bemurda Limited and Bernhard L. Madoff Investment Securities Limited, and a Custody agreement between Thema International Fund plc and Bermuda Trust (Dublin) Limited

Under this sub-custody agreement, an account has been set up entitled "The Bank of Bermuda Limited – Hamilton Special Custody Account for the exclusive benefit of customers of Bermuda Trust (Dublin) Limited (BTDL).

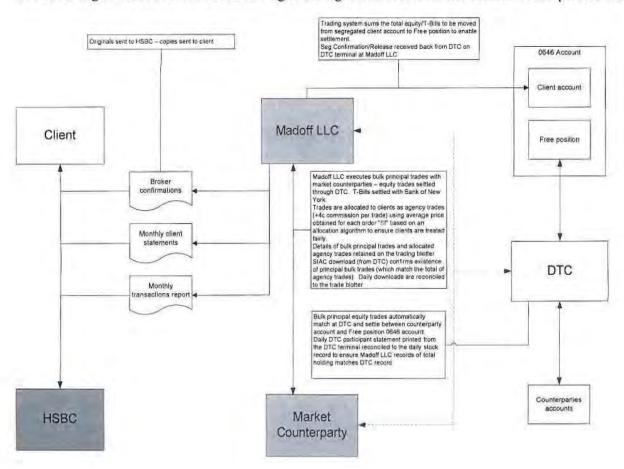
The following actions are recommended:

- Ensure there are appropriate contractual arrangements in place between The Bank of Bermuda Limited and BTDL;
- · Establish the account name for this fund as recorded by HSBC / BTDL; and
- Ensure that the account name for the fund as provided by Madoff LLC (Thema US Hedged Equity Fund) corresponds to the actual
 account name held by BTDL (Thema International Fund Plc) and is applicable to the fund held by BTDL.



Appendix A – Transaction process

The following charts set out our understanding of the eight client accounts and the transaction process at Madoff LLC.





Appendix B - Fraud risk, controls and testing

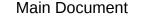
Ref'	Risk or potential issue & its implication	Risk type (Fraud/ Operational)	Nominated internal controls ²	Test	Ref	Recommendations for consideration
1	Establish mandate with clients BLM falsifies mandate with client.	F	There are mandates. Terms are set out in the Agreements.	N/A		No action required
2	Cash received (new/existing) BLM embezzles client funds.	F	All funds are deposited in the nominated client account at JP Morgan Chase.	No testing undertaken.		HSBC should consider undertaking the following:
		account at JP Morgan Chase Bar Limited to the following Madoff LI personnel: Dan Bonvertrie, Berna	account at JP Morgan Chase Bank.		R1	 Establish a process to monitor monthly statements
			personnel: Dan Bonvertrie, Bernard Madoff, Peter Madoff, and Enrica		R2	 Reconcile monthly statements to cash contributions from clients
			Cotellessa-Pitz.		R3	Monitor the cash accounts of individual client
					R4	 Request independent confirmation of the signatories and their individual mandates as recorded by JP Morgan Chase (bankers for Madoff LLC)
3	BLM falsifies client's instruction for investment to cover poor proprietary position.	F	Clients do not send instructions Client assets are segregated from Proprietary assets at the DTC (for	 Review the aggregate agency holdings per the stock record (T- Bills and equities) for a 	R5	HSBC should consider instructing all clients to provide written notification to HSBC if they directly instruct Madoff LLC to undertake any

Legend: Fraud risk (red dot); Operational risk (

Internal controls as nominated during the course of discussions with Bernard Madoff and Frank DiPascali at Madoff LLC. These have not been independently verified or tested by KPMG unless as specifically stated in the 'Test' column.



Ref	Risk or potential issue & its implication	Risk type (Fraud/ Operational)	Nominated internal controls ²	Tes	1	Ref	Recommendations for consideration
			Equities and Treasury Stocks)		selection of dates to		investment activity on their behalf.
			Holdings in Fidelity fund are allocations to holdings in Fidelity units already held by Madoff LLC.		the DTC Participation Report to confirm segregated holdings.		
				•	Review total Fidelity holdings of all Agency clients (including HSBC funds) against statements from Fidelity for a selection of dates to ensure adequacy of cover		
4	Client cash received either not placed in segregated client money account or incorrectly allocated. (e.g. pooled with BLM proprietary money).	0	Segregated clients accounts maintained in the financial records at Madoff LLC. All funds deposited or waiting for investment are placed in short term treasury stock and any residual goes into Fidelity fund.	•	Review the aggregate agency holdings per the stock record (T- Bills and equities) for a selection of dates to the DTC Participation Report to confirm segregated holdings.		Refer to R1 to R4
			Reconcile the cash book on a daily basis which identifies what is held at the DTC against Madoff LLC's internal records. [This would identify if amounts are segregated into client accounts or held in the proprietary account].				





Ref	Risk or potential issue & its implication	Risk type (Fraud/ Operational)	Nominated internal controls ²	Tes		Ref	Recommendations for consideration
5	Client cash received is diverted for personal gain.	F	Restricted access to Madoff LLC's account JP Morgan Chase Bank. Limited to the following Madoff LLC personnel: Dan Bonvertrie, Bernard Madoff, Peter Madoff, and Enrica Cotellessa-Pitz.	•	Review the aggregate agency holdings per the stock record (T- Bills and equities) for a selection of dates to the DTC Participation Report to confirm segregated holdings.	R6 R7 R8	Whether HSBC's insurance policies would cover such loss Account signatories (as set out in R4) Whether the escalation process would require Madoff LLC / BLM to immediately report an incident to the appropriately nominated person at HSBC.
6	Client cash is diverted – signatures falsified on client instruction in an attempt to legitimise an unauthorised transaction (i.e. redemption)	F	 Segregation in the back office between authorisation and recording of the transaction Standard profile set up which includes set account details Two signatories required to sign 			R9	HSBC undertakes a cash reconciliation as part of the fund pricing process
7	Reinvested funds from Fidelity, etc. inaccurately allocated to individual client accounts	0	Holdings in Fidelity are recorded on a client by client basis on Madoff LLC daily stock records. Amounts are not allocated externally, assets are allocated within the client's sub ledger relative to the investments.	reco units Fide	undertaken (as only mal Madoff LLC rds are available and all s are registered at lity are in Madoff 's name)	R10	HSBC should consider undertaking the following: Establish a process to monitor monthly statements Reconcile monthly statements to cash contributions from clients.



Ref	Risk or potential issue & its implication	Risk type (Fraud/ Operational)	Nominated internal controls ²	Test	Ref	Recommendations for consideration
	Trading: Buy Put options and write Call options (premiums earned)					
8	Manipulate option price (recovery) in order to maximize commission, also for T-Bills and Fidelity.	F	 Madoff LLC only act as agent for options trading. Option trades are allocated directly to the client account and do not enter Madoff LLC's Proprietary account. 	 Review trade blotters to ensure that the counter party trades matched off against HSBC client account option trades. 	R12	HSBC should consider reviewing option premium on a spot basis as part of ongoing monitoring against market prices
9	Madoff LLC claim funds have been used to settle options exercised against HSBC	F	 Restricted access to Madoff LLC's account at JP Morgan Chase Bank Limited to the following Madoff LLC personnel: Dan Bonvertrie, Bernard Madoff, Peter Madoff, and Enrica Cotellessa-Pitz. 	Not undertaken.	R13	HSBC should consider undertaking a spot reconciliation of eash when options exercise.
			 Segregation of duties between those who can authorise payments and those who record transactions 			
10	Madoff LLC claim funds have been used to pay a premium for purchased options	F	 Restricted access to Madoff LLC's account at JP Morgan Chase Bank Limited to the following Madoff LLC personnel: Dan Bonvertrie, Bernard Madoff, Peter Madoff, and Enrica Cotellessa-Pitz. 	Not undertaken.		Refer to R13
			 Segregation of duties between those who can authorise payments and those who record transactions 			



Ref	Risk or potential issue & its implication	Risk type (Fraud/	Nominated internal controls ²	Te	st	Ref	Recommendations for consideration
11	Madoff LLC exercise client option (to purchase stock at preferred price) but tell client/HSBC, that the option was left to expire.	Operational) F	Option contracts are between HSBC clients and market counter party.		Review trade blotters to ensure that the		Refer to R12
		orice) but tell BC, that the s left to expire.	Madoff LLC do not take options onto proprietary books and trade with HSBC clients.	matched off against HSBC client account option trades.	HSBC client account		
			All the derivates are held in a sub ledger (40) for a client account				
			Option held in client name cannot be transferred to another party.				
	Month end unwind deals						
12	Madoff LLC staff take advantage of timing position to invest client funds and misappropriate position (e.g. invest in premium bond/note but report as low value investment).	F	All equities and T-Bills are held in segregated client account at the DTC.	•	Review the aggregate agency holdings per the stock record (T-Bills and equities) for a selection of dates to the DTC Participation Report to confirm segregated holdings.	R14	HSBC should consider undertaking a spot check of investments and cash position in order to independently reconcile client accounts.



HSBC Bank plc Bernard L Madoff Investment Securities LLC

8 September 2008 Strictly private and confidential

Ref	Risk or potential issue & its implication	Risk type (Fraud/ Operational)	Nominated internal controls ²	Test	Ref	Recommendations for consideration
13	BLM divert cash resulting from the sale of Equity/T-Bills.	F	 Segregated clients accounts maintained in the financial records at Madoff LLC. 	No specific test. However, note the above test of client funds and transactions.	R15	 HSBC should be monitoring the cast accounts of individual clients. Refer to R14
		•	 All funds deposited or waiting for investment are placed in short term treasury stock and any residual goes into Fidelity fund. 			
			Reconcile the cash book on a daily basis which identifies what is held at the DTC against Madoff LLC's internal records. [This would identify if amounts are segregated into client accounts or held in the proprietary account].			
			 Segregation of duties between accounting and cash disbursements, (Senior people could allocate cash to account). 			
			 Restricted access to Madoff LLC's account JP Morgan Chase Bank. Limited to the following Madoff LLC personnel: Dan Bonvertrie, Bernard Madoff, Peter Madoff, and Enrica Cotellessa-Pitz 			
14)	BLM report over valued position/return to client,	O	 Trading information is automated and is driven by the process. This 	Obtained monthly trading reports for each client for		HSBC should consider undertaking the following:
	but not to HSBC in order to control		includes providing details for the statements.	sample of months and verified for a sample of	R16	Establish a process to monitor monthly statements
	relationship.	* Ability to make manual trader on	trades that these were consistent with reports sent	R17	Reconcile monthly statements to cash	



Ref	Risk or potential issue & its implication	Risk type (Fraud/ Operational)	Nominated internal controls ²	Test	Ref	Recommendations for consideration	
			to two people (Bernard Madoff and Frank De Pascali).	to and received by HSBC.		contributions from clients.	
			 HSBC is provided with statements and confirmations. 				
15)	Stocks not held in client	F	All stocks are held in Madoff LLC	Refer to the above test on		HSBC to consider:	
	name. (e.g. Equities, Options or T-Bills)		name in segregated client sub- account at DTC	buying and allocating trades	R18	Robust reconciliation of monthly statements.	
					R19	 Periodic onsite review at Madoff LLC to confirm a selection of trades in order to verify the operational effectiveness of internal controls. 	
16	Stocks are intentionally not allocated a fair price from the bulk trade	F	 Madoff LLC's systems automatically allocate a weighted average price at the end of each trading day 	For a sample of equity trades, review the aggregate nominal agency trades and compare these to the aggregate total counter party trades to ensure matching		Refer to above (R18 and R 19)	
				 Following the above test, recalculate the average price for the bulk trade and check this had been allocated to the trading blotter 			
17)	Execute trades with favoured external market counter parties for commission kickbacks	F	 Traders are monitored by Supervisors who are in turn are monitored by Madoff LLC senior management (brothers). 	 Review sample of equity trades per the trade blotters and confirm the 		Refer to R12, R24 and R27	
	(and not best return for client). Equity &		Bids go out to market and Madoff	consistency of allocated price across			



HSBC Bank plc Bernard L Madoff Investment Securities LLC 8 September 2008

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Ref	Risk or potential issue & its implication	Risk type (Fraud/ Operational)	Nominated internal controls ²	Te	st	Ref	Recommendations for consideration	
	Options.		LLC cannot dictate to the external counterparty who fill the orders		all segregated client accounts.			
			 FINRA perform best execution price reviews as part of their examinations visits 					
			 Trades are allocated on the basis of average price. 					
18)	HSBC makes a call on client funds & Madoff	F	 Segregated client accounts at the DTC. 		Review the aggregate agency holdings per	R20	HSBC to consider undertaking a review of the monthly statements and reconciling cash calls t	
	LLC inflates call value to client in order to cover over misappropriation or poor		 A review is carried out of the daily stock record to check the cash balance. 		the stock record (T- Bills and equities) for a selection of dates to the DTC Participation		movements in cash.	
	position, (e.g. Equity & Option)		 Segregation of duties between front and back office. 		Report to confirm segregated holdings.			
19	BLM undertake unauthorised trades on	F	 The 'Customer Agreement' with Madoff LLC sets out the authority 	٠	Review a sample of trade information and		HSBC should consider undertaking the following:	
	behalf of clients. (e.g. Equity, Option, T-Bills & Fidelity Funds	alf of clients. (e.g. ity, Option, T-Bills	which in general is to buy, sell and trade in stocks, bonds, options or any other securities	noted that equities were consistently SP100 listed stocks	R21	 Establish a process to monitor monthly statements put in place formerly monitoring of monthly 		
			Madoff LLC utilise an investment			R22	statements.	
		number	strategy which is reviewed by a number of Madoff LLC senior management.			TCD2	 Reconcile monthly statements to cash contributions from clients. 	
			 Monthly statements are sent to HSBC and the client which identify the allocation of trades. 					



Ref	Risk or potential issue & its implication	Risk type (Fraud/ Operational)	Nominated internal controls ²	Test	Ref	Recommendations for consideration	
(20)	Unauthorised staff member at BLM	0	Segregation of duties.	Not tested.	R23	As part of a periodic review at Madoff LLC, clarify access controls to trading systems.	
	executes trades on behalf of clients.		Access to front office systems is restricted (by door) to trading staff, senior management and a select number of other delegated staff.			ciarry access controls to tracing systems.	
			Audit trail retained of trading activity.	ctivity.			
21)	Trade is a sham in order F The assets (equities and bonds) are held in a segregated account at the DTC	Review a sample of trades selected from the customer trading statement to the trading		Refer to R1 to R4			
			 Allocations of agency trades for client accounts are reconciled back to 	blotter			
			bulk trades on the trading blotter.	 Review the aggregate agency holdings per the stock record (T-Bills and equities) for a selection of dates to the DTC Participation Report to confirm segregated holdings. 			
22)	BLM front-run client trades to own advantage/does not fairly allocate price to client. (Equity and T- Bills) [i.e. buys for own	0	Bulk trades executed with market counter party and allocated as agency trades to clients using an allocation algorithm which pro-rates the allocation and applies an average price.	 Review sample of trade prices per trade blotters for agency trades (allocated to clients) across different clients for a sample of days and confirm 		Refer to R12, R24 and R27	



Ref	Risk or potential issue & its implication	Risk type (Fraud/ Operational)	Nominated internal controls ²	Tes	st	Ref	Recommendations for consideration
	benefit, prior to allocating to clients, at a higher price]				prices were consistent		
23)	Madoff LLC churns client funds for own advantage. (Equity, Option, T-Bills & Fidelity Fund) (This risk is possible given the broad mandate in the agreements)	0	Segregation of client assets at the DTC. Equity trades on behalf of clients require Seg Confirmation or Seg Release in order to settle at the DTC. Madoff LLC does not earn commissions on T-Bill trades or Options.		Review the aggregate agency holdings per the stock record (T-Bills and equities) for a selection of dates to the DTC Participation Report to confirm segregated holdings. Review client statements for a sample of months for any unusual trading patterns	R24	HSBC should consider undertaking comparative reviews over time of trading actively on client accounts to monitor for potential churning
24	Accounting for client assets Madoff LLC falsely reports buy/sell trades without actually executing in order to earn commissions. (Equities)	F	 Segregation of client assets at the DTC Allocations of agency trades for client accounts reconcile back to bulk trades on the trading blotter 		Review the aggregate agency holdings per the stock record (T-Bills and equities) for a selection of dates to the DTC Participation Report to confirm segregated holdings Review a sample of trades selected from the customer trading	R25	HSBC should consider undertaking a periodic review which includes tracing a sample of clien trades back to the bulk order.



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Ref	Risk or potential issue & its implication	Risk type (Fraud/ Operational)	Nominated internal controls ²	Tes	t	Ref	Recommendations for consideration
	BLM falsifies accounting records which are provided to HSBC and clients. (Equity, Option, T-Bills & Fidelity Fund).	F	 Segregation of staff and duties in the front and back office Reconcile of actual trades with the DTC (for equities and T-Bills only) 		Review the aggregate agency holdings per the stock record (T-Bills and equities) for a selection of dates to the DTC Participation Report to confirm segregated holdings Review sample of trades selected from the customer trading statement to the trading blotter	R26	Refer to R25 Compare above selected trading information to the client statements.
26	Market counterparty confirms trade with BLM Collusion with counterparty to falsify trading records. (more likely with T-Bills as only one counterparty or Options, as the OTC is an internal OTC as Madoff LLC acts as Agent for both clients)	F	 External settlement of equity trades at the DTC The Bank of New York also settles through the DTC for T-Bills 		Review the aggregate agency holdings per the stock record (T-Bills and equities) for a selection of dates to the DTC Participation Report to confirm segregated holdings Review total Fidelity holdings of all Agency clients (including HSBC funds) against statements from Fidelity for a selection of dates to ensure adequacy of cover	R27	HSBC should consider reviewing prices against market rates on a sample of dates on an ongoing basis.



Ref	Risk or potential issue & its implication	Risk type (Fraud/ Operational)	Nominated internal controls ²	Te	st	Ref	Recommendations for consideration
				•	Review trade blotters to ensure that the counter party trades match off against HSBC client account option trades.		
27)	Counterparty and/or BLM falsify instruction to DTC. (Equity, Option).	F	 Bulk trades (recorded at the DTC) are confirmed by external counterparty Audit record of trades 				Refer to R25
28)	Copies sent to HSBC and client Madoff LLC falsifies trade confirmations to clients and HSBC. (Equity, Option, T-Bills & Fidelity Fund).	F	 The reconciliation between stock report and the DTC Participation Report should identify if there is a mismatch 		Review the aggregate agency holdings per the stock record (T-Bills and equities) for a selection of dates to the DTC Participation Report to confirm segregated holdings.		Refer to R25 and R26



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Appendix C – Details of Funds per Madoff LLC records

Account Number (Madoff LLC reference)	Name of Fund	Date Account Established with Madoff LLC	HSBC Location	Sub-Custody Agreement Date	Equity Balance as at 31 March 2008	Account name – Wire Location
1-FN021	Lagoon Investments Limited	Prior to Jan 2000	HSBC SS (Luxembourg)	23 Jan 2008	107,739,000	JP Morgan Chase A/c 140081703
1-FR016	Lagoon Investments Limited	Prior to Jan 2000	HSBC SS (Luxembourg)	23 Jan 2008	653,033,000	JP Morgan Chase A/c 140081703
1-FR097	Alpha Prime Fund Limited	13 June 2003	HSBC SS (Luxembourg)	23 Jan 2008	315,419,000	JP Morgan Chase A/c 140081703
1-FR109	Herald Fund SPC-Herald USA Segregated Portfolio One	1 April 2004	HSBC SS (Luxembourg)	23 Jan 2008	1,942,923,000	JP Morgan Chase A/c 140081703
1-FN135	Herald (Lux)	17 March 2008	HSBC SS (Luxembourg)	23 Jan 2008	24,750,000	JP Morgan Chase A/c 140081703
1-FN128	Senator Fund SPC – Senator Equity Segregated Portfolio One	6 Sep 2006	HSBC SS (Luxembourg)	23 Jan 2008	196,315,000	JP Morgan Chase A/c 140081703
1-FR093	Thema Wise Investments Ltd.	3 Feb 2003	HSBC SS (Luxembourg)	23 Jan 2008	225,183,000	JP Morgan Chase A/c 140081703
1-FN092	Primeo Fund	Prior to Jan 2000	HSBC SS (Luxembourg)	Closed 26 June 2007	Closed 26 June 2007	JP Morgan Chase A/c 140081703
I-FN061	Kingate Global Fund Ltd – USD Shares	Prior to Jan 2000	Bank of Bermuda Ltd	Not received	2,669,384,000	JP Morgan Chase A/c 140081703
I-FN095	Thema US Hedged Equity Fund	Prior to Jan 2000	Bermuda Trust (Dublin)	1 July 1996	1,495,540,000	JP Morgan Chase A/c 140081703
I-FN132	Defender Limited	11 May 2007	HSBC Inst Tst Svc (Ireland)	4 May 2007	408,522,000	JP Morgan Chase A/c 140081703

10-03635-jpm Doc 229 Filed 01/27/17 Entered 01/27/17 18:17:44 Main Document Pg 120 of 138



Account Number (Madoff LLC reference)	Name of Fund	Date Account Established with Madoff LLC	HSBC Location	Sub-Custody Agreement Date	Equity Balance as at 31 March 2008	Account name – Wire Location
1-FN133	GI (Global Investments) Plc – Landmark Investment Fund Ireland	31 Oct 2007	HSBC Inst Tst Svc (Ireland)	4 May 2007	105,072,000	JP Morgan Chase A/c 140081703
	TOTAL				8,143,880,000	



Appendix D - Summary of discrepancies in documentation

Account Number	Name of customer per Sub- Custody Agreement	Name of customer per customer agreement (2)	Name of customer per HSBC records (as provided) (3)	Account name & number per HSBC due diligence report dated 21 Feb 2008 (4)	Account name per HSBC records (5)	Recommended steps by HSBC for resolution
	Sub-custody agreement: HSBC Securities Services (Luxembourg) S.A. and Bernard L. Madoff Investment Securities – dated 23 Jan 2008					
1-FN021	Lagoon Investments Limited (a company of Hermes International Fund Limited)	Lagoon Investment Limited as per Option Agreement [customer agreement signed by David. T. Smith, Director]	-Hermes Neutral -Hermes Universal -Hermes World USD	HSBC Securities Services (Luxembourg) SA Spec Cust Acet Lagoon Investment	HSBC Securities Services (Luxembourg) SA Spec Cust Acet Lagoon Invent (a pool split across three Hermes accounts)	 Ensure that although 1 is in the name of Lagoon, it still applies to customers per 3 Establish that account names per 4 and 5 correspond to customer names per 3.
1-FR016	As above -Note: only one name mentioned in sub-custody agreement for both funds	Lagoon Investment Limited as per Option Agreement [customer agreement signed by David. T. Smith, Director]	As above.	HSBC Securities Services (Luxembourg) SA Spec Cust Acct Lagoon Investment	As above.	 Ensure that the sub-custody agreement includes both Lagoon Investments Limited funds. Ensure that although 1 is in the name of Lagoon, it still applies to customers per 3 Establish that account names per 4 and 5 correspond to customer names per 3.
I-FR097	Alpha Prime Fund Limited	Alpha Prime Fund Limited	(Not identified)	HSBC Securities Services	HSBC Securities Services (Luxembourg)	Establish the name of the fund per 3 and ensure it corresponds to 1.



Account Number	Name of customer per Sub- Custody Agreement (1)	Name of customer per customer agreement (2)	Name of customer per HSBC records (as provided) (3)	Account name & number per HSBC due diligence report dated 21 Feb 2008 (4)	Account name per HSBC records (5)	Recommended steps by HSBC for resolution
				(Luxembourg) SA Spec Cust Acct For Alpha Prime Fund Limited	SA Spec Cust Acct for Alpha Prime Fund Limited	 Establish that account names per 4 & 5 correspond to customer name to be established per 3.
1- FR109	Herald Fund SPC-Herald USA Segregated Portfolio One	Herald Fund SPC – Herald USA segregated portfolio one	Herald USA segregated portfolio one	HSBC Securities Services (Luxembourg) SA Spec Cust Acet For Herald Fund SPC- Herald USA	HSBC Securities Services (Luxembourg) SA Spec Cust Acet for Herald Fund SPC - Herald USA	 Ensure fund names per 1 & 3 relate to the same fund Establish that account names per 4 & 5 correspond to customer name per 3. (Note: Primeo Fund [1-FN092] merged with this fund [1-FR109] in May 2007 – see below).
1- FN 135	Herald (Lux)	Herald (Lux) SICAV as per Option Agreement [customer agreement signed by directors]	Not available at the time of review	Not Included	Not available at the time of review	 Ensure fund names per 1, 2 & 3 relate to the same fund Establish that account names per 5 correspond to customer name per 3.



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8 September 2008

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Account Number	Name of customer per Sub- Custody Agreement	Name of customer per customer agreement (2)	Name of customer per HSBC records (as provided) (3)	Account name & number per HSBC due diligence report dated 21 Feb 2008	Account name per HSBC records (5)	Recommended steps by HSBC for resolution
1- FN128	Senator Fund SPC – Senator Equity Segregated Portfolio One	Senator Fund SPC – Senator Equity Segregated Portfolio One	Not available at the time of review	HSBC Securities (Luxembourg) SA Spec Cust Acet For Senator Fund SPC	Not available at the time of review	 Obtain / Ensure that the main contract is signed. Ensure amended Annex "A" is legally valid. (Note: This fund was missing in the original 'Annex A' of the sub-custody agreement dated 23 Jan 2008 and was included in an amended 'Annex A' dated 8 April 2008. Ensure fund names per 1 & 3 relate to the same fund
I-FR093	Name of fund not mentioned in sub – custody agreement of 23 Jan 2008	Thema Wise Investments Ltd.	Thema Coral Fund	HSBC Securities Services (Luxembourg) SA Spec Cust Acct For Thema Wise Investments Ltd.	HSBC Securities Services (Luxembourg) SA Spec Cust Acc for Thema Wise Investments Ltd	 Establish whether fund is with Luxembourg or Dublin and which sub- custody agreement should capture the fund Ensure the fund name per the sub-custody agreement per 1 corresponds to 4 and 5 Establish that the account names per 4 and 5 correspond to customer name per 3
	Sub-custody agreement: Bank of Bermuda (Luxembourg) S.A. and Bernard L. Madoff Investment Securities					
1-FN092	Primeo Fund	Not mentioned – signed by director, Austin J.O'Connor.	Primeo Select Fund	HSBC Securities Services (Luxembourg) SA	HSBC Securities Services (Luxembourg) SA Spec Cust Acct for	Merged with 1- FR109 Herald Fund SPC- Herald USA Segregated Portfolio One in



Account Number	Name of customer per Sub- Custody Agreement (1)	Name of customer per customer agreement (2)	Name of customer per HSBC records (as provided) (3)	Account name & number per HSBC due diligence report dated 21 Feb 2008 (4)	Account name per HSBC records (5)	Recommended steps by HSBC for resolution
				Spec Cust Acct for Primeo Fund Class B	Primeo Fund Class B	May 2007.
I-FN061	Name of fund not mentioned on sub custody agreements of Luxembourg and Dublin of 21 Jan 2008 and 4 May 2007.	Kingate Global Fund Ltd – USD Shares	Not available at the time of review	Kingate Global Fund Ltd c/o Bank of Bermuda Ltd A/C/F Kingate Global Fund	Not available at the time of review	 [Note: Appears as 'Bank of Bermuda Ltd' on Madoff LLC system.] Ensure this fund is included in HSBC sub custody agreement. Establish that the account names per 4 and 5 correspond to customer name per 3
	Sub-custody agreement: HSBC Institutional Trust Services (Ireland) Limited and Bernard L. Madoff Investment Securities – dated 4 May 2007					
1-FN095	Name of fund not mentioned in agreement of 4 May 2007. Account Set up entitled ("The Bank of Bermuda Limited — Hamilton Special Custody Account for the exclusive benefit of customers of Bermuda Trust (Dublin) Limited"	Thema US Hedged Equity Fund	Thema International Fund Plc	The Bank of Bermuda Limited Hamilton, Special Custody Acet For The Exclusive Benefit of Cust of Bermuda TST (Dublin) Ltd, F/B/O Thema	Not available at the time of review	 Establish that account name per 4 relates to customer name per 3 Establish the account name per HSBC records (which should be listed per 5) Establish that the account name per 5 corresponds to the account name per 4
1-FN132	Name of fund not mentioned in agreement of 4 May 2007.	Defender Limited	Not available at the time of review	Defender Limited	Not available at the time of review	[Note: New Fund apparently managed by Dublin] • Ensure that the client fund is included in sub-custody agreement



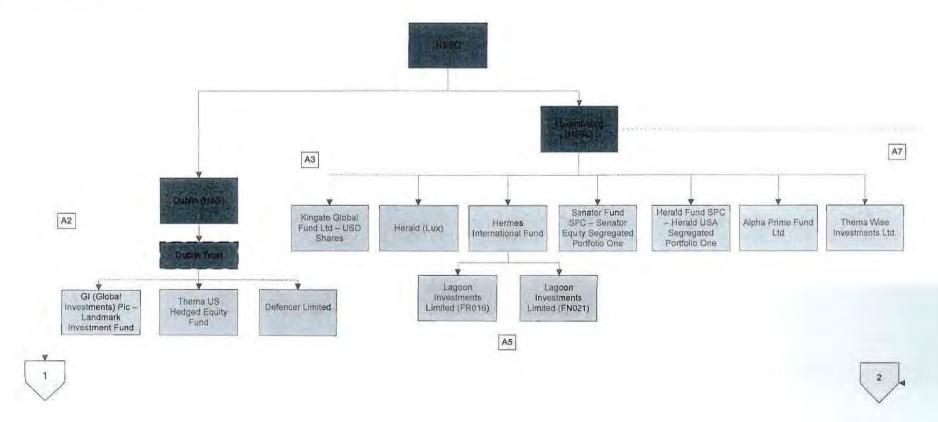
Account Number	Name of customer per Sub- Custody Agreement (1)	Name of customer per customer agreement (2)	Name of customer per HSBC records (as provided) (3)	Account name & number per HSBC due diligence report dated 21 Feb 2008 (4)	Account name per HSBC records (5)	Recommended steps by HSBC for resolution
						Establish that account name per 4 relates to customer name per 3 Establish the account name per HSBC records (which should be listed per 5)
1– FN133	Name of fund not mentioned in agreement of 4 May 2007.	GI (Global Investments) Plc – Landmark Investment Fund Ireland as per Option Agreement [customer agreement signed by Juan Carlos Rodriguez Hergueta]	Not available at the time of review	HSBC Institutional Trust Svcs (Ireland) Ltd FBO Landmark Investment Fund Ireland and Subfund of GI (Global Invmts)	Not available at the time of review	 [Note: New Fund apparently managed by Dublin] Ensure that the client fund is included in sub-custody agreement Establish that account name per 4 relates to customer name per 3 Establish the account name per HSBC records (which should be listed per 5)
	Funds dropped out since last review					
Dropped out – 30 June 2006	Square One Fund Limited	Square One Fund Limited (Changed name from Isis Worldwide Limited	Not available at the time of review	Not available at the time of review	Not available at the time of review	Square One Fund reorganised their structure and changed the Fund Administrator from Bank of Bermuda to Circle Partners. The Netherlands. The Bank terminated the sub custodian agreement with effect from 30 June 2006. Madoff LLC still acts for the fund.



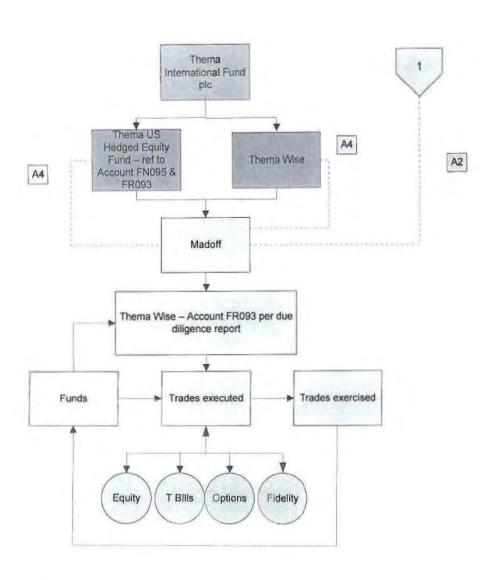
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Appendix E – Contractual arrangements

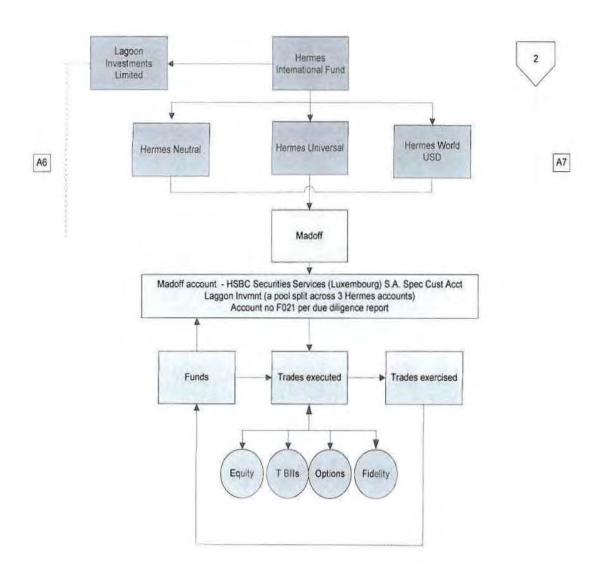
The following charts set out our understanding of the contractual arrangements between the various parties. A legend appears at the end of this appendix (page 48).



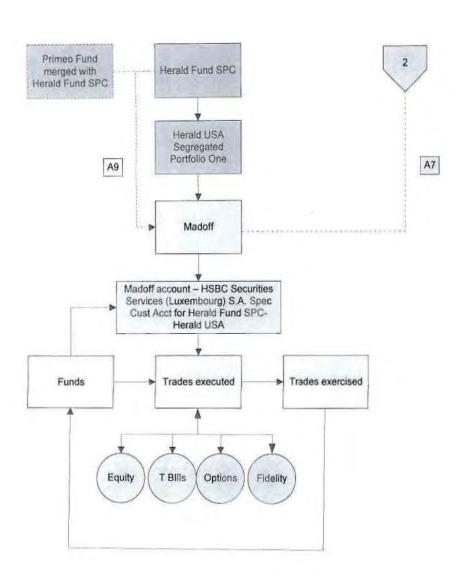








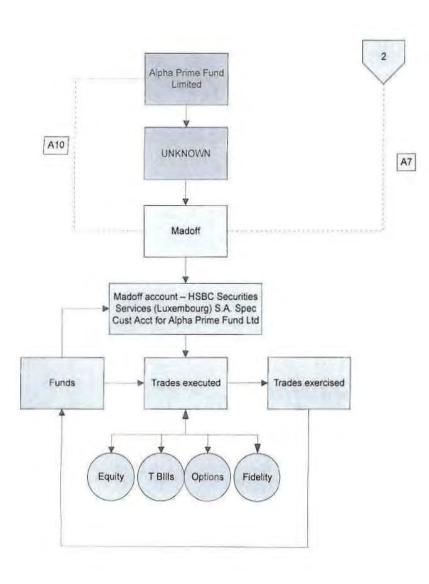




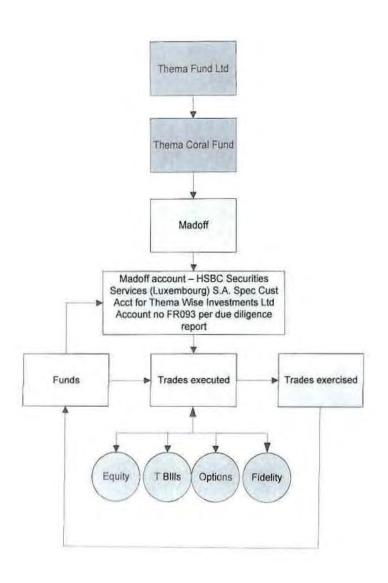


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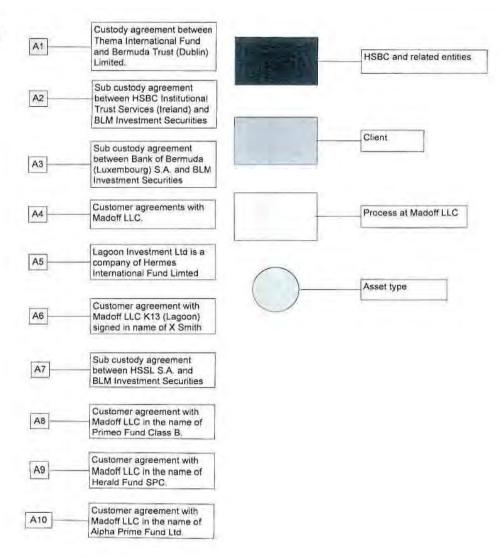






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Legend





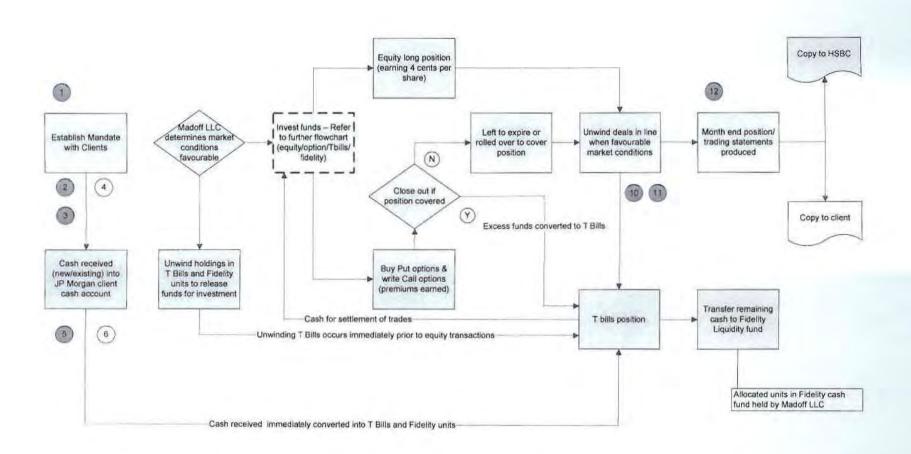
Appendix F – Process flows

The following pages set out the following:

- · Transaction process flows
- Coloured dots indicating where a fraud or related operational risk may lie. A red dot indicates a potential fraud risk and a yellow dot, a related operational risk.



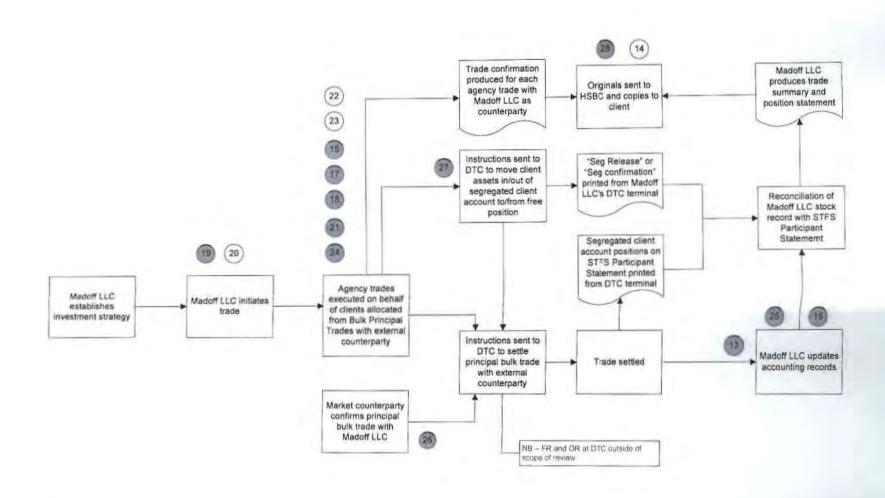
Overview





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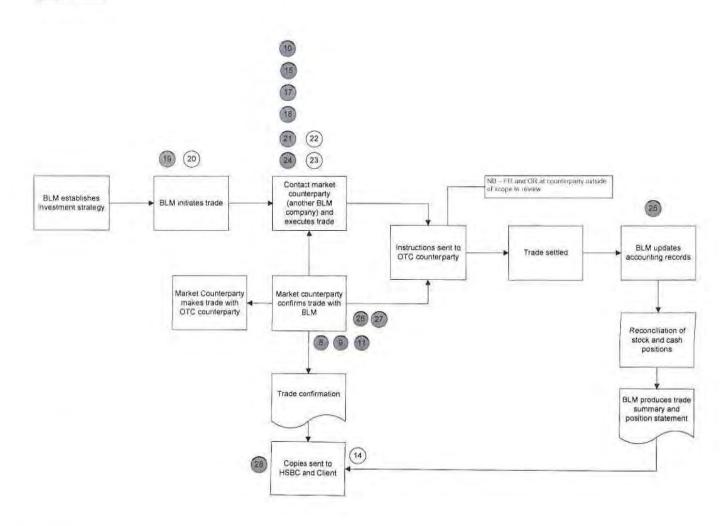
EQUITY





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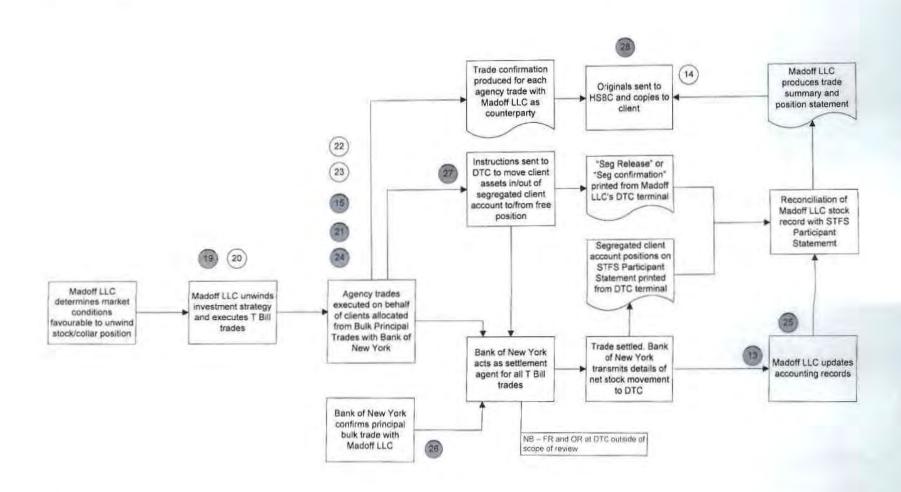
OPTIONS





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TREASURY





Fidelity

